

Poseidon2 family manual

Poseidon2 is a product family for use in remote monitoring and for measuring over LAN.

The family consists of several product versions, designated for use in different environments (19" rack cabinets, data centres, switchboard cabinets, ..). Specific models vary in number and types of sensors it can connect, otherwise the devices offer identical features.

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Poseidon2 devices

Poseidon2 3266



Poseidon2 3268

Poseidon2 3468



Poseidon2 4002



HWgroup				Рс	oseid	on2	4002								
Modem	RS-485	• IN5	• IN6	• IN7	• IN8	• IN9	• IN10	• IN11	• IN12	1-Wire/ 1-Wir	e UNI	Power Out	• 0UT3	OUT4	
		S S C	••• 92	•• 9 2	•••	·· 	·· 9 8	··· 早日	•• ₽ ₽	Port5 P	ort6		0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	4 4 4 5	
	Tei	1 <u>0</u> =	6 =	5 =	5 =	5 =	5 Z	5 Z	6 Z			5	zöz	zöz	

Comparison of specific models

	Poseidon2	Poseidon2	Poseidon2	Poseidon2
	3266	3268	3468	4002
Ethernet	100 Mbit	100 Mbit	100 Mbit	100 Mbit
VLAN	future	future	future	future
НТТР	4	4	4	4
DHCP	~	-	-	1
SNMP v1	4	4	4	4
SNMP v2/3	future	future	future	future
SNMP Trap	4	4	4	4
Trap destinations	5	5	5	5
SNTP	4	4	4	4
SMTP	4	×	4	1
SMTP TLS	~	~	×	1
E-mail Destinations	5	5	5	5
SSL	future	future	future	future
SMS/Local RS-232	×	×	×	4
SMS/ netGSM	×	×	1	1
SMS Destinations	5	5	5	5
Logger	4	×	4	4
Logger reccords	250.000	250.000	250.000	250.000
HWg-Push protocol	4	~	1	4
IPv6	future	future	future	future
Comm monitor	×	~	~	~
DO Local conditions	4	4	4	4
1-Wire sensors	8	8	8	16
1-Wire UNI support	~	~	1	1
RS-485 support	×	×	×	4
RS-485 sensors	×	×	×	24
M-BUS meters	×	×	×	×
Modbus /TCP	4	4	1	1
Email Alarm reminder	4	4	4	4
Email Periodical Status	×	×	×	\$
Power Input 1	9-30V	9-30V	9-30V	9-30V
Power Input 2			48V DC	
DI (Digital Inputs)	4	4	4	12
DO (Digital Outputs)	0	2	2	4
DO max load		50V/1A	230V/10A	50V/1A
Operating temperature	-30-85°C	-30-85°C	-30-50°C	-30-85°C

Connectors description

Ethernet

Ethernet 100Base-T (10/100Mbit). After connecting the adapter a green "Link" LED shows correct connection and yellow "Activity" LED flashes

Power

Green LED light shows that the device is powered-up. Power supply in range 9-30V is required, for Poseidon2 3468 it is 48V. Modules can be manufactured in PoE versions for use in specific projects

PowerOut

Can be used as a power supply for connected sensors and accessories. PowerOut output is directly connected to 9-30V input. Power outputs on units that require 48V can be used as a 12V/300mA power supply.

1-Wire/1-Wire UNI

Connecting HWg sensors with 1-Wire/1-Wire UNI interface. Each port can directly connect up to 60m bus. 2 Wire UNI sensors. More in chapter **Connecting the sensors**

RS-485 (only Poseidon2 4002)

For connecting RS-485 HWg sensors. TermA and TermB switches are used for bus termination. More in chapter **Connecting the sensors**

Inputs

INx - Inputs for connecting dry contacts. All inputs have one common GND potential. Green LED light shows that the input is triggered.

Outputs

OUTx – relay outputs with switch contacts. Clamps connected in normal state are NCx (Normally closed) + COMx (Common), NOx (Normally Open) + COMx when the relay is switched. Yellow LED light shows that an output is switched.

Alarm/Setup LED

Red LED shows the device state - Light indicates alarm state (some sensors or inputs out of their safe range), flashing indicates that the device is in TCP or Serial Setup.

DIP1/DIP2 system switches

DIP1 - Serial setup mode activation / Factory default settings switch. Factory default settings can be restored by switching the DIP1 3x within 5 seconds after connecting the power adapter. DIP2 - Safe mode - Switching the DIP activates HWg settings protection. No settings can be changed.

Poseidon2: first steps

1) Connecting the cables

- Turn the unit and write down its MAC address that is printed on the label on the side.
- Set the switches: <u>DIP1=Off</u>, <u>DIP2=Off</u>.
- Connect the unit to the Ethernet (with a patch cable to a switch, cross-over cable to a PC), RJ-45 port.
- Plug the power adapter into a mains outlet and connect it to the Poseidon2 power input.
- The green **POWER** LED lights up.
- If the Ethernet connection works properly, the **LINK** LED lights up after a short while, and then flashes whenever data are transferred (activity indication).

2) Configuring the IP address – UDP Config

UDP Config utility – root directory of the supplied CD (Windows and Linux versions). Available for download at <u>www.HW-group.com</u> <u>Software</u> > <u>UDP Config</u>.

- Click the icon to launch UDP Config. The program automatically looks for connected devices.
- Automatic device discovery works only in the local network.
- Individual Poseidon2 units are identified by their MAC addresses (on the label at the bottom).
- Double-click a MAC address to open a basic device configuration dialog.

HW gr o	Version: 4.9.1 com Config utility fo	HW g www.hw-group. r the HW group de	group com vices	Your PC netwo IP address: Netmask: Gateway:	ork settings 192.168.2 255.255.2 192.168.1	.11 52.0 253	*	? About Find Devices
)evice list: MAC	Name	IP	Device I	UDe	Port	Parameters		
00:04:59:01:E0:3C	rianc	80.250.21.88	IP Wate	ypo hdoa lite		TCP setup=Y	DHCP=N	
00:04:59:00:BB:91	kotelna	193.179.198.213	iDo 5.15	Net	0	TCP setup=N	DHCP=Y	
00:0A:59:00:B5:7D	Poseidon 3268 online	80.250.21.92	Poseido	n model 3268	80	TCP setup=Y,	DHCP=N	
00:0A:59:00:B2:A0	Rack modrany	193.179.198.212	Poseido	n model 3262	80	TCP setup=Y,	DHCP=N	
00:0A:59:10:20:36	HWg-STE	80.250.21.93	HWg-S1	E	80	TCP setup=N,	DHCP=N	
00:0A:59:00:B4:A0	-	192.168.1.63	Unspeci	fied device	23	TCP setup=Y,	TEA=N, N	VT=Y
00:0A:59:03:10:52	Poseidon 2251 online	80.250.21.89	Poseido	n model 2251	80	TCP setup=Y,	DHCP=N	
00:0A:59:00:B8:0D	Damocles MINI online	80.250.21.87	Damocle	es model MINI	80	TCP setup=Y,	DHCP=N	
00:0A:59:03:1A:16	Poseidon 4002	192.168.1.77	Poseido	n 4002	80	TCP setup=Y,	DHCP=N	
00:0A:59:03:14:34	Pospidon 1250 online	80.250.21.84	Poseido	n model 1250	80	TCP setup=Y		
00:0A:59:03:19:CA		<u>192.168.1.96</u>	Poseido	n 4001	80	TCP setup=Y,	DHCP=Y	
00:0A:59:03:19:89		400 400 4 05	<u> </u>	ր 4001	80	TCP setup=Y,	DHCP=N	
00:0A:59:03:19:A0	Poseidon 4001	Double clic	k for	4001	80	TCP setup=Y		
00:0A:59:03:19:9A		details		n 4001	80	TCP setup=Y		
00:0A:59:03:14:5B	Damocles 2404		_	s model 2404	80	TCP setup=Y,	DHCP=N	
00:0A:59:03:0E:41	Poseidon 3265	80.250.21.85	Poseido	n model 3265	80	TCP setup=Y,	DHCP=N	
00:0A:59:00:B9:95	Poseidon 3262	80.250.21.90	Poseido	n model 3262	80	TCP setup=Y,	DHCP=N	
00:0A:59:01:88:54		172.20.192.110	PortStor	e4	80	TCP setup=Y,	DHCP=N	

Configure the network parameters

- IP address / HTTP port (80 by default)
- Network mask
- Gateway IP address for your network
- Device name (optional)

Click the **Apply Changes** button to save the settings.

Name:	IP address: Port:
Poseidon 4082	192.168.1.77 : 80
🥭 Open in WEB Browser	Enable DHCP
lask:	MAC:
255.255.252.0	00:0A:59:03:1A:16
iateway:	FW version:
92.168.1.253	2.0.4
Enable IP access filter	Device type:
IP filter value:	DUCD:
0.0.0.0	Supported
IP filter mask:	Joapponed
0.0.0.0	Enable NVT
	Enable TCP setup
Default values	Enable TEA authorisation
🚀 Load <u>d</u> efaults	
	Check if new IP address is empty
[Check if new IP address is emp

Alternatively, you may use the following utilities to configure the IP address:

• UDP Config for Linux

Important:

- To reset the device to factory defaults, toggle DIP1 several times within 5 seconds after applying power to the device.
- No configuration changes can be stored while DIP2=On. To change the IP address, set DIP2=Off.

4) WWW interface of the device

- To open the WWW interface of the device:
 - Enter the IP address into a web browser
 - Click the IP address in UDP Config
 - Click the underlined IP address in UDP SETUP
- The WWW page displays current states of devices and sensors.

Web interface of the device

- General: Overview of current readings
- General Setup: IP address, DNS, security (user name/password)
- SNMP: SNMP / SNMP Trap configuration (ports and alarm recipients)
 E-mail: Configuration and test
- GSM & RFID: Configuration and test in order to use a remote SMS-GW
- Log & Time: Time configuration, NTP server
- Portal: Connection to a remote portal system
- Sensors: Device name, sensor names, status overview
- Inputs: Control of inputs and alert parameters
- **System**: Firmware upgrade, save/restore configuration, etc.





UDP Config 2.3.0 for HW group products (www.hw-gr

General Setup



SNMP



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Periodic Status Settings

Periodical Status

When on, sends an e-mail with device status at the specified intervals. For example every 24 hours (1440 minutes).

Alarm reminder

When active, sends periodic reminders that the device is in the Alarm state. For example every 15 minutes.

To send	e-mail,	check:
---------	---------	--------

- 1) Correct Gateway IP address
- 2) DNS server in network settings
- 3) SMTP server and port
- 4) Authentication turned on, correct user name and password
- 5) **Spam filter** for your mailbox is disabled

NOTE: Configuration changes must be confirmed by clicking the Apply Changes button.



Log & Time





Portal



Configures the communication with the portal using the HWg-Push protocol. Poseidon2 is the active side and establishes the connection periodically and/or whenever a change in a sensor value exceeds the configured AutoPush value.

The <u>www.SensDesk.com</u> portal connection parameters are filled in.

AutoPush configuration

Poseidon2 connects to the portal and notifies a value change whenever a change in the sensor reading exceeds the configured AutoPush value.

This configuration only applies to the communication between Poseidon2 and the online portal. Local alarm values are configured in the portal.

For portal connection, check:

- 1) Correct Gateway IP address
- 2) **DNS server** in network settings
- 3) Correct **Server Address** of the portal

To avoid numerous false alerts

fluctuates around the threshold,

1) Hysteresis Idle Range

you can use:

(by e-mail or SMS) whenever the reading

Tolerance band around the "Safe Range". Prevents multiple alarm alerts.



(14)

 2) Delay [s] Delays the information about alarm beginning and alarm end by a specified time. Can be used for dry contacts, too.

After connecting sensors or changing RJ11 connections, sensors need to be detected again.

т [°С] 25

20

15

-10

Tip: For details, see the complete "Poseidon family" manual.

NOTE: Configuration changes must be confirmed by clicking the Apply Changes button.

Poseidon2 - Family manual





NOTE: Configuration changes must be confirmed by clicking the Apply Changes button.

Outputs



OUTPUTS



Pulse Timer – After clicking this option the output will switch for a defined time.

Pulse Timer = 0 function inactive Details can be found in the manual in chapters about WEB interface.

Output mode:

A) Manual

Output <u>can</u> be controlled using the Web interface or externally using M2M protocols. The output <u>cannot be used in "thermostat" mode</u> – local condition.

B) Local Condition

The output <u>cannot</u> be controlled over the Web, it is controlled by the local condition. The output is read-only for all M2M protocols. Hysteresis in the sensor settings applies.

Outputs cannot be controlled via web or M2M protocols in Local Condition mode.

 $\circ \quad \text{On if any alarm} \\$

The output is active if at least one input or sensor is in alarm.

- On if value equal to Trigger
 The output is active if the selected sensor reading is equal to the "Target Value".
- On if value higher than Trigger
 The output is active if the selected sensor reading is greater than the "Target Value".
- On if value lower than Trigger
 The output is active if the selected sensor reading is less than the "Target Value".
- $\circ \quad \text{On if Alarm on} \\ \text{Output} = \text{On, if the selected sensor or input is in an Alarm state.}$

• **Dependent On –** sensor / input to which the condition applies.

System

	Poseidon2 4002	System
Ŵ	Communication Monitor	
Poseidon	Modbus: Monitors communication with a device bas XML/HTTP: protocols. Virtual Input "Comm Monitor 1(1 SNMP: case there was any traffic using all selecte	ed on all selected .23)" sets to 0 in ed protocols within
General	Time: 15 [s] the defined time.	
General setup	Configuration	
SNMP		_
Email	Load Configuration: Procházet. Soubor nevybrán. Save Configuration:	Upload Download
GSM		
Log & Time	System	
Portal	Uptime: 11days,20hours, 13minutes	Restart Device
Sensors	Factory Default:	Set Default Config
Inputs	Device FirmWare: 1.2.7	Update FW
Outputs		
→ System		
Apply Changes	Restoring factory defaults Uploads n	ew firmware from the PC

Communication Monitor

This function is useful e.g. to send a warning e-mail whenever Poseidon2 ceases to be periodically monitored over SNMP or SCADA.

This function controls a virtual Digital Input that is available in **Inputs** as "Com Monitor 1" with an ID of 123. If no communication took place in the specified time using the selected protocols, it sets "Com Monitor 1" = 0 (Off).

If three protocols are selected, all 3 conditions must be met for the OK state.

Configuration

- Download Retrieve the configuration from the device and store it on the PC.
- Upload Send a saved configuration from the PC to the device.

NOTE: Configuration changes must be confirmed by clicking the Apply Changes button.

Connecting the sensors

1-Wire Bus (RJ11) sensors

- Connect the sensor before powering up the Poseidon **the connector must click in.**
- Max distance per active port is 60m.
- Sensors can be daisy-chained.
- Sensors can be also connected using a star topology with the T-Box (TBox2) hub.
- After any change in the connected sensors an autodetection has to be run again. (WWW interface > Sensors > Autodetect sensors)





RS-485 (RJ45) sensors

Industrial bus for connecting sensors over longer distances

- Connect the sensors before powering up the unit.
- Sensors can be daisy-chained, or connected to a virtual star using the "S-Hub" unit.
- Terminate the RS-485 line with a 120 Ω to 470 Ω terminator. Some sensors (e.g. Temp-485) contain a built-in terminator controlled with a jumper or a DIP switch (TERM = ON). See the sensor manual.
- Check or set the sensor address. Each sensor on the RS-485 bus must have an unique address. The address (ID) is expressed as a letter (A..Z / a..z) or a number (65..122). The numbers correspond to the ASCII codes of the letters, A=65, Z=90, a=97, z=122. More details on setting up the address in sensor manuals.
- After any change in the connected sensors an autodetection has to be run again. (WWW interface > Sensors > Autodetect sensors)

Sensors are shipped with non-conflicting addresses whenever possible. The preset address is written on the label.

Note:

A particular sensor is identified by its RS-485 address. Sensors with the same address can be swapped without the need for a new detection.



Common features of Poseidon2 family

Displayed readings options

- The Poseidon2 unit displays current readings from all connected sensors.
- Dry contact inputs are scanned approximately every 200ms.
- Values from all sensors on both buses (RS-485 and 1W bus) are read in a single loop that repeats once per second; however, the actual time needed to read the sensors may vary from 1 to 30 seconds
- All values are in the "integer/10" format, range is ±999.9.
- A value of 999.9 is out of range for all supported sensors and indicates that the sensor was not found.
 - If you have disconnected or replaced a sensor, run sensor autodetection, or remove the sensor from the list.
 - When the Poseidon2 unit is overloaded with network requests (as is sometimes the case, for example, with our public online demo), -999.9 can sometimes appear even though the sensor works properly. This is due to limited computing performance of the unit. Try to reduce the load.
- Units are assigned to values automatically according to the detected sensor type. Supported units include:
 - Temperature: °C, °K, °F (please note that Safe Range thresholds can be set in °C only)
 - Humidity: %RH
 - Voltage: V, current: A or mA
 - Other units: %, etc...

Input / sensor in alarm state

- Alarm state can be set independently for every input (contact) / sensor.
- For a sensor, "Alarm" occurs whenever the reading is outside of the specified Safe Range, as long as alarm alerting is enabled for at least one notification method (SNMP / e-mail & SMS).
- Response to a sensor being disconnected
 - -999.9 is displayed
 - The value evaluates as an "Alarm" (reading out of the specified Safe Range). If alarm alerting is enabled for the given sensor, e-mail or SNMP trap is sent.

TIP

More information about data formats, variables identification and SDK can be found in Thorough Poseidon family manual.

Calibration

- Each sensor can be calibrated by specifying a linear offset. The calibration value can be written over XML. For calibration settings use the Calibrator utility (For download on Poseidon 2250 websites) or EX104 from HWg SDK (menu can be opened by a right-click).
 - Calibration value = +3 \rightarrow sensor measures 0,5°C \rightarrow Poseidon shows +3,5°C
 - Calibration value = $-3 \rightarrow$ sensor measures $0,5^{\circ}C \rightarrow$ Poseidon shows $-2,5^{\circ}C$
 - Calibration value = -10 \rightarrow sensor measures 27% RH \rightarrow Poseidon shows 17% RH

EX104: Poseidor	n & Damocles XML					
Poseidon 80.250.21.84	: 80	Search	Log list: Downloading values. Download values fro	 m 80.250.21.84:80		
User name:	Password:	lose	Atcion number 1 don Downloading values. Download values fro Atcion number 2 don Downloading values. Download values fro Atcion number 3 don	e m 80.250.21.84:80 e m 80.250.21.84:80 e		_
Download manage	every 10	seconds ad now				
Sensor list:	Device eddees	Canada nama	ConcertD	Currentuslue	Unito	
Poseidon	80 250 21 84 80	Window 1	1		Switch	
Poseidon	80.250.21.84:80	Window 2	2	Off	Switch	
Poseidon	80.250.21.84:80	Door	3	Off	Switch	
Poseidon	80.250.21.84:80	Indoor 1	20408	16.8	°C	
Poseidon	80.250.21.84:80	Outdoor PVC	51732	18.9	°C	
Poseidon	80.250.21.84:80	Indoor 2	53138	18.3	°C	
Poseidon	80.250.21.84:80	Outdoor silicon	38687	19.8	°C	
Poseidon	80.250.21.84:80	Indoor 1	57356	37.7	%RH	
Poseidon	80.250.21.84:80	Outdoor 1	66	-3.3	°C	
	00.050.01.04.00	0.0	74	17.0	*0	
Done						

Sensor hysteresis

The **Hysteresis** setting defines a tolerance band for alarm alerts. This feature prevents multiple alarm alerts if the reading oscillates around the specified threshold. See the graph for an explanation.



Without a hysteresis of 5°C, the alarm raised at **point 8** would end at **point 9**. With the hysteresis function, the alarm continues until the temperature rises above the tolerance band (**point 10**), that is, $5^{\circ}C + (-15^{\circ}C) = -10^{\circ}C$.

• Hysteresis = 5°C:

The unit sends **3 e-mails (SMS)** Alarm at points **0..4, 8..10, 12 and beyond**

• No hysteresis (0°C): The unit sends points 0..1, 2..3, 8..9, 12..13, 14 and beyond

The unit sends 8 e-mail (SMS) messages Alarm active in

Supported interfaces (in details)

Dry Contact Inputs

Dry contacts can be connected to the clamps. For example Door contact.

The inputs are electrically connected to the power supply.

- Unconnected inputs read as "0 (Off)".
- Activated inputs (closed contacts) read as "1 (On)", resistance against the Common pin must not exceed 500Ω.



Connection parameters:

- Maximum wiring length: 50 m
- Supported sensors: Any contact without external voltage (dry contact)
- Per-input alarm settings:
 - Alarm inactive
 - o Alarm when the contact is opened or closed
 - Alarm whenever the contact is open
- Possible alarm responses: Common setting for all inputs
 - o No response
 - o Alarm alert sent as a SNMP trap
 - Alarm alert sent by e-mail or text message (SMS)
 - o Alarm alert sent as a SNMP trap as well as by e-mail or SMS
- Polling period: 800 ms
- Range of sensor IDs: Inputs use ID addresses from 1 to 9
- Sensor names: Sensors can be named using up to 12 characters
- Disconnected sensor detection: None, disconnected sensor reads as "O (Off)".

RJ11 – 1-Wire bus

Digital bus from company Dallas Semiconductor, each sensor has its own unique ID.

We recommend to keep the total wiring length under 60m, although functionality has been achieved over tens to hundreds of meters in experimental settings.

If the wiring connected to one connector of the Poseidon2 unit is longer than approximately 60m, we cannot guarantee error-free operation, as it greatly depends on the actual wiring implementation, topology and environment.

Active / Passive 1W port

Active is RJ11 connector on a Poseidon2 device. Full max length and power supply is guaranteed for all 1-Wire UNI/1-Wire sensors. If you move a connected sensor from one active port to another, the sensor will be shown as disconnected. After connecting, run sensor autodetection again.

Passive port is an RJ11 connector on T-Hub or an RJ11 connector on a sensor (for daisy-chaining). Cannot guarantee full length and power supply for following sensors. Power supply issues can be resolved by using 1-Wire hub Power.

1-Wire UNI (RJ11)

1-Wire **UNI** is a software extension of 1-Wire bus.

- 1-Wire UNI sensors:
 - Illumination sensor
 - Sensor 4-20mA
 - Sensor 0-60V (-48V DC)
 - Sensor 0-30A AC
 - >> More sensors
- Maximum wiring length: 60 meters total length per each active RJ11 port Note: Length can be limited by some 1-Wire UNI sensors or by using more RJ11 male-female connectors.
- Power to sensors: 5V/20 mA from RJ11 connectors (can be boosted by "1-Wire hub Power")

Other parameters are identical with 1-Wire









www.HW-group.com

1-Wire (UNI) bus

- Supported sensors: Only new sensors supplied by HW group
- **1-Wire UNI**: Software extension "UNI" show other than temperature or humidity sensors.
- Communication cable: 4-wire phone cable
- Polling period: 800 to 10 seconds
- Sensor address assignment: Automatic, each sensor has a unique address
- Disconnected sensor detection: Yes, disconnected sensors read as "-999.9"
- Alarm if sensor is disconnected: If the sensor is set to alarm whenever its reading is outside of the safe range, disconnection triggers the alarm
- 1-Wire bus accessories
 - Poseidon T-Box Hub for 5 1-Wire / 1-Wire UNI sensors
 - <u>1-Wire hub Power</u> (photo) hub + additional power supply for 8 1-Wire / 1-Wire UNI sensors
 - **Poseidon T-Box2** (photo) Hub for 2 1-Wire / 1-Wire UNI sensors
- **Remember:** All 1Wire bus sensors have their unique serial numbers. These are stored with sensor names during autodetection and expressed using the sensor IDs. If you change the sensors on the bus, you must re-run **Autodetection** in the Flash SETUP.

Special accessories for the 1Wire bus

1-Wire hub Power – Power booster + Hub for 8 sensors

- 1x Input: 1-Wire bus
- 1x input: 12VDC power
- 8x output: 1-Wire bus
- Compatible with 1-Wire and 1-Wire UNI bus.





RJ11 (4P6C)

4321

Poseidon T-Box2 – Hub for 2 sensors

- Cable length: 1m •
- Maximum number of connected sensors: 2
- Connectors: RJ11
- Bus type: 1-Wire bus

Poseidon T-Box – Hub for 5 sensors

- Cable length: 10cm
- Maximum number of connected sensors: 5
- Connectors: RJ11
- Bus type: 1Wire bus

Poseidon Spider – Bridges 1-Wire bus to RS-485

- The Spider unit connects to the Poseidon2 over the Industrial • bus (RS-485)
- Spider unit can connect 4 sensors over 1-Wire bus •
- Spider supports ONLY sensors for temperature, humidity and • dry contact inputs.
- Each sensor is connected to a separate connector and may b • located up to 25m away.
- Maximum number of connected sensors: 4x 1-Wire
- **Sensor types:** 1-Wire bus (1-Wire) (Does not support 1-Wire UNI)
- Connects to: RS-485

Caution: The Poseidon2 unit warranty explicitly excludes failures caused by connecting sensors made by other manufacturers or with excessively long wiring.







HW group



RJ45 - RS-485

The RS-485 bus can be used to connect up to 31 sensors over up to 1000m, even in industrial environments. For convenience and ease of use, TP cables and RJ45 modular jacks are used to wire the RS485 industrial bus.

The **RS-485 bus** uses the **blue pair** of wires (pins 4 and 5), labeled A and B. The brown pair (pins 7, 8) is used to supply 12V to power the sensors.

If you use the S-Hub unit and the B-Cable module, the green pair of wires (pins 3, 6) is used for the return RS-485 connection. The green pair of wires is not connected at the Poseidon2 4002 unit.

- Maximum wiring length: Up to 1000m in total
- Supported sensors: temperature, humidity, current, voltage sensors and others (more in Sensors overview in our product list)
- Number of sensors on the RS-485 bus: Up to 31 physical sensors
- **Power:** 12V/120 mA, available at the RJ45 jack. Power supplied by the bus is sufficient for up to 3 external sensors, an S-Hub can be added to power more sensors
- Communication cable: Twisted 2-wire UTP, eventually 4-wire phone cable
- Alarm settings: Monitoring of the measured values (SafeRange)
- Polling period: 800 ms to 10 s (depending on the number of sensors, 10 seconds for 41 sensors)
- Sensor address assignment: Manual, each sensor must have a unique address (see sensor manual)
- Range of sensor IDs: Sensors use IDs from 48 to 122, the address corresponds to the ASCII code of 0..9, A..Z, a..z characters.
- Disconnected sensor detection: Yes, disconnected sensors read as "-999.9"
- Alarm if sensor is disconnected: If the sensor is set to alarm whenever its reading is outside of the safe range, disconnection triggers the alarm

General RS-485 characteristics

- Maximum wiring length 1000 m
- Up to 32 devices on the bus (Poseidon unit + 31 sensors) •
- High resistance to noise in industrial environments .
- Daisy chain topology is necessary (as opposed to star topology) .
- Each device must have a unique address •
- Wire polarity must be respected
- Line must be terminated at the beginning and at the end







RS-485 termination on the side of Poseidon2

Poseidon2 4002 units are equipped with two DIP switches (TermA and TermB) for RS-485 bus termination.



Poseidon2 4002 in the middle of RS-485 line



Termination of RS-485 bus

The RS-485 bus must be terminated at its end. The following options are available:

- Internal jumper on certain sensors (jumper named TERM or TERMINATOR) for example Temp-485 or HTemp-485
- B-Cable adapter with "LAST" configuration selected using the switches
- By an external resistor for sensors that do not have clamp connector or a DIP switch (Temp-485-Pt100). Terminate the RS-485 with an external resistor at the end of the bus (connect the resistor between clamps A and B on the last sensor).
 Value of this resistor is 120Ω. For short wirings, 470 Ω can be used to reduce the current consumption of the sensors.

Note: A disadvantage is that it is necessary to have a wiring topology **with a single beginning and a single, terminated end**, as opposed to the popular star topology with a single interconnection point.

Special accessories for the RS-485 bus

B-Cable - RJ45 / 4-wire connection The B-Cable module is an adapter that converts a RJ45 jack connection to a block of 4 terminals **A,B,+,–**.

Some of the available RS-485 sensors already have a RJ45 jack; however, some only have 4 terminals labeled **A,B,+,-**. Such sensors can be connected to the Poseidon 1250 unit or to an S-Hub using either a TP cable (4 or 6 wires) or the B-Cable module.



- The 4-wire connection length should not exceed 20 cm.
- Sensor position on the RS-485 bus (MIDDLE / LAST) is selected with jumpers; see the picture for details.





Sensor RJ45 MIDDLE cable

RS-485 cable, 0.5m, RJ45/4 pins. Connects 4 terminals (A, B, +, -) to a RJ45 modular jack (uses 3 pairs).

This cable is used to connect all sensors except for the last one in the chain. Sensors connected with this table **must not terminate** the RS-485 bus.



<u>Sensor RJ45 LAST cable</u>RS-485 cable, 0.5m, RJ45/4 pins. Connects 4 terminals (A, B, +, -) to a RJ45 modular jack (2 pairs only).

This cable is used to connect the last sensor in the chain.

The sensor connected with this cable **MUST TERMINATE** the RS-485 bus in one of the following ways:

- Equipped with an external 120Ω resistor
- Jumper or DIP switch at the sensor set to TERM=ON
- · For other options, see the sensor manual





Poseidon Spider

A converter to connect four 1Wire sensors to the Industrial bus (RS-485).

Each 1Wire bus sensor connects to a separate connector to enable a greater distance (up to 1000 meters, as defined by the Industrial bus specification).

<u>S-Hub</u> – 8x RJ45 TP hub

Poseidon

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The S-Hub unit with one input and 8 output ports is used to connect up to eight RS-485 sensors with TP cables.

- Makes it possible to connect sensors in a star topology (sensors must be connected using TP cables)
- Simpler and faster connection of sensors

Sensors

S-Hub

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- Makes expanding an installation easier
- Easier way of powering the sensors. A standard power adapter connects directly to the S-Hub unit.

9x MIDDLE

Power

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F

(TERM=OFF, LOOP=ON)

H

S-Hub

1x LAST

S-Hub

「6 」 「5 ˈ

7

L

1

8

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6][5

(TERM=ON, LOOP=OFF)

6

Power

4

Note: It is possible to mix the star / daisy-chain topologies with S-Hub, see the examples in the following chapter.





Connection example via RS-485



- The bus leads via a 4-wire connection from a Poseidon 1250 unit to two daisy-chained sensors, **Temp-485** and **HTemp-485**. Two twisted pairs are used for the connection.
- An **S-Hub** unit is daisy-chained via the RJ45 jack to the second **HTemp-485** sensor using a 4-wire connection. The brown pair carries power, the blue pair is used for data.
- **Temp-485** and **HTemp-485** sensors are connected to S-Hub connectors 1 through 3 using 6-wire connections (brown pair for power, blue pair leads the bus to the device, green pair back from the device).
- Connector 4 of the first S-Hub unit is used to connect a Spider converter with a patch cable. The Spider is used to connect three Temp-1Wire 10m sensors and one contact (door contact connects to the blue RJ45 pair).
- The second S-Hub unit is connected with a patch cable to the Spider output.
- **Temp-485** and **HTemp-485** sensors are connected to S-Hub connectors 1 through 3 using 6-wire connections (brown pair for power, blue pair leads the bus to the device, green pair back from the device).
- Connector 4 connects a Temp-485 sensor over a 4-wire connection (brown pair to power the sensor, blue pair for the A/B signals of the bus).
 <u>Termination is enabled at the Temp-485 sensor using the "TERM" jumper.</u>

User interface

UDP Config

UDP Config is a freeware utility for assigning IP addresses and changing network settings over the Ethernet.

- Windows and Linux version
- IP address is assigned to a product with a specific MAC address •
- No installation is necessary, simply run the EXE file •
- Provides a clear overview of device names and parameters

group group.com group.com	HW gr www.hw-group.c	Dup Dup Dup Dup IP address: Netmask: Ces Gatewar	work settings 192.168.5.2 255.255.25	? <u>A</u> bout
			192.168.5.1	5.0 A Eind Devices
Name		evice tupe	Port	Parameters
0E:A7 Poseidon model 1250) <u>192.168.5.114</u> P	oseidon model 1250	80	TCP setup=Y
	Details			×
	Name	: Ion model 1250	IP a	ddress: Port:
	Mask: 255.255.	Open in WEB Browser 255.0	MAC: 00:0/ FW v 1.9.6 Devic	A:59:03:0E:A7 ersion:
	192.168	5.1	Pose	idon model 1250
ules done	, IP filter 0.0.0. IP filter	nable IP access filter		e upported nable NVT nable TCP setup
		,		hable DHCP hable TEA authorisation
	Defaul	Values		
		X Cancel		neck if new IP address is empty
	ules done	UE:X7 Poseidon model 1250 132.1158.5.114 P Details Name Poseidon Mask: 255.255. Gateway: 192.168. I P filter 0.0.00 P filter 0.0.00 Default Er 8.000 Ready	UE:X/ Poseidon model 1250 Details Details Poseidon model 1250 Poseidon model 1250	UE:X/ Poseidon model 1250 152.158.5.114 Poseidon model 1250 80 Details IP as Poseidon model 1250 192. Poseidon model 1250 192. Image: IP as Poseidon model 1250 Poseidon model 1250 192. Image: IP as Image: IP as Image: IP

- Compatible with all Hvv group products (Poseidon, Damocles, PortBox, PortStore, I/O Controller, IP relay and other product lines)
- Windows and Linux versions available
- Displays current network settings of your computer •
- Verifies whether the IP address is available before assigning it .
- Single-click access to the product web page •
- Ability to open a Telnet session for TCP Setup
- Ability to restore factory-default settings

Detailed program description as well as an instructional video clip are available on the CD supplied with the device, or at our website: http://www.hw-group.com/software/udp_config/index_en.html

Main features

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Basic communication interface

Poseidon offers a simple and user-friendly graphical WWW interface. Besides displaying current readings, the interface provides access to complete device configuration and management, including network settings, sensor configuration and alarm responses (SNMP traps).

To access the web interface, enter the Poseidon IP address into the URL field of your browser:

	Poseidon	2 4	1002						GENERAL
Ŵ	Dry Contact I	Inpu	its			Relay 0			
oseidon	Name	ID	Current Value	Alarm	Alert	Name	ID	Current Value	Mode
	Binary 1	1	0(Off)	Active	if on	BinOut 1	151	0(Off)	Manual
operal	Binary 2	2	0(Off)	Active	if on	BinOut 2	152	0(Off)	Manual
leneral	Binary 3	3	0(Off)	Disa	bled	BinOut 3	153	0(Off)	Manual
General setun	Binary 4	4	1(On)	Disal	bled	BinOut 4	154	0(Off)	Manual
o on o o corp	Binary 5	5	0(Off)	Disa	bled				
SNMP	Binary 6	6	0(Off)	Disa	bled				
	Binary 7	7	0(Off)	Disa	bled				
Email	Binary 8	8	0(0ff)	Disa	bled				
	Binary 9	9	U(Off)	Disa					
GSM	Binary 10 Binary 11	11	0(0ff)	Disa	blad				
	Binary 12	12	0(0ff)	Disa	bled				
Log & Time		12	0(011)	Disa	Jieu				
Portal	1	123	1(On)	Disal	bled				
Sensors	Sensors								
Inputs	Name		ID	Current	Value	Safe Range	Hysteresi	s Al	arm Alert
Outputs	Sensor 240		47636	12.3	% RH	10.0 60.0	0.0	Email a	and SNMP trap
System	Sensor 241		53270	14.1	% RH	10.0 60.0	0.0	Ema	il and SMS
	Sensor 242		56342	10.7	™ RH	10.0 60.0	0.0		EMAIL
	Sensor 243		65285	0	%	0.0 100.0	0.0	SI	NMP trap
	Sensor 244		41496	29.2	°C	10.0 60.0	0.0	[Disabled
	Sensor 245		47130	24.6	°C	10.0 60.0	0.0	[Disabled
	Soncor 246		50202	30.9	°C	10.0 60.0	0.0	[Disabled
eload values every									
eload values every 10 [s] <u>Stop</u> 'alues reloaded 502						Termin	al Confi	g (TCP S	Setup)
eload values every 1 <mark>0 [</mark> s] <mark>Stop</mark> alues reloaded 502	Download					I GI IIIIII			
eload values every 10 [s] Stop alues reloaded 502	Download SNMP Manageme Bas	ent Inf e:	Formation	MI	B	Connect w	ith telnet t	to: <u>192.</u> 1	168.6.6 Port 99
eload values every 10 [s] Stop 'alues reloaded 502	Download SNMP Manageme Bas SNMP Object	ent Inf e: t Ident	formation	<u>MI</u> <u>OI</u>	<u>B</u>	Connect w	ith telnet t	to: <u>192.:</u>	168.6.6 Port 99

The main page with the overview of sensor and input readings automatically reloads every 10 seconds. This period can be easily changed.

Dry Contact Inputs

This section displays current states of dry contact inputs, including alarm status and settings. Active alarm is indicated by a **red background** of the corresponding line.

• Name (Input name)

Textual name of the input, assigned by user in the Flash Setup

• Number

Unique input ID, as marked on the unit

- Current Value
 - **0** (Off) Open contact
 - 1 (On) Closed contact

• Alarm Alert

List of alarm alert settings for each input (triggered by value out of safe range)

- Line background color:
 - Standard color = Input is not in alarm
 - Red = Input is in alarm

Sensors

The Sensors table displays information (valid at the time of the last refresh) about detected and activated sensors, including their states.

• Name (Input name)

Textual name of the input, assigned by user in the Sensors tab.

• ID

16-bit ID of the sensor, unique within a particular device

- Current Value Current sensor reading, including the unit Note: If a sensor is not connected, -999.9 is displayed.
- Safe Range

A range of values in which the sensor is not in alarm state.

• Hysteresis

hysteresis settings for preventing repeated alarms when the value moves around the Safe Range value. More in chapter <u>Sensor hysteresis</u>.

Alarm Alert

List of alarm settings for each sensor (alarm is triggered by reading out of the safe range)

- Line background color:
 - White / no color = Input is not in alarm
 - **Red =** Input is in alarm
 - Yellow = Alarming is disabled for this input but the value is out of the safe range

Miscellaneous information

- Terminal Configuration (TCP Setup)Link containing the IP address and the port to open a terminal session for TCP Setup
 - <u>MIB</u> links to the SNMP definition file (right-click the link and select "*Save Target as…*" to save the file to disk)
 - **OID** SNMP Object Identifier Contains a list of most frequent SNMP OID (right-click the link and save the file to your hard drive with "Save Target as.." option
 - XSD links to the XML definition file for values.xml(right-click the link and select "Save Target as..." to save the file to disk)
- **Text and link** "For more information try www.HW-group.com" Customizable link to the supplier or service provider. The text can be changed in TCP Setup, see the detailed description of **TCP Setup**.
- *Note:* The design of the main page can be changed only after consulting the manufacturer; we offer a "Customization" program. For more information, please contact your dealer.
General Setup

Network parameters, trusted IP address range, temperature units, output states, etc.



Device Name

Name assigned to a particular device. The name is shown in all lists along with the IP address (UDP Config); it is used as the sysname variable in SNMP.

Security

Security settings. Properties of individual modes are shown in the following table. Lines indicate the method of accessing the device over IP, columns specify the restrictions resulting from the respective security settings.

	No	нw	U	ser Passw	ord	IP Acces	ss Filter	SN Comm	MP unities
	ns (default)	protection DIP = On	Read only	Read + Output s	Read & Write	нттр	SNMP	Comun 1	Comun 2
Web index (General)	~	>	>	~	~	filtered			
Other pages	R/W	R	R	R/W**	R/W	filtered			
Values.xml	R	R	R	R	R	filtered			
Setup.xml	R/W	R	R	R/W**	R/W	filtered			
SNMP get (next)	R	R					filtered	R*	R*
SNMP set	W	×					filtered	[R*/]W*	[R*/]W*
Modbus/TCP	R/W	R							
TCP setup	✓	×	×	×	~				
UDP Config	R/W	R							
FW update	\checkmark	×	×	×	\checkmark	filtered			
M2M outputs	R/W	R/W	R	R/W	R/W				

* R and/or W must be enabled on the SNMP Setup tab by checking appropriate boxes.

W** Only outputs can be changed, nothing else. Even the output mode cannot be changed.

Note: The "No restrictions" column reflects the default configuration (also shown on the screenshots presented here). That is, HW protection DIP=Off, no password set, IP Access filter set to 0.0.0.0/0.0.0.

- User PasswordsTwo separate user accounts (user name and password) can be set up for SNMP and HTTP access.
 - Account types:
 - 'Read Only' can only read values and configuration settings
 - 'Read Only + Outputs' can read values and set outputs, cannot change configuration settings (not even sensor names)
 - 'Read & Write' can perform any changes
- The "Read Only" account only has read access to values, cannot perform any configuration changes. The "Read&Write" account can change configuration settings.
 - After setting a login name and password, you will be asked to enter the login details every time you attempt to open the WWW interface.
 - Passwords also apply to access to the values.xml and setup.xml files see the table.
 - In case of "Read Only" HTTP access, you will no longer be able to change configuration settings in WEB setup.

• IP Access Filter

Allowsyou to define a range of trusted IP addresses that are allowed to access the Poseidon over HTTP and SNMP. Each protocol has its own range.

Always only the IP addresses range is set, using the default IP address and the range around the entered value (mask), following the pattern where AND is bit multiplication. Access is granted if the above condition is true.

IP F	ilter settings	Access granted to	
Address value	Mask Value	From – To	
192.168.1.2	192.168.1.2	192.168.1.2	Only one IP allowed
192.168.1.87	192.168.1.87	192.168.1.87	Only one IP allowed
192.168.1.0	192.168.1.224	192.168.1. 0 – 192.168.1. 31	32 allowed addresses
192.168.1.0	192.168.1.0	192.168.1. 0 – 192.168.1. 255	All 256 addresses 192.168.1.x allowed
192.168.0.2	192.168.254.255	192.168. 0 .2 and 192.168. 1 .2	One address but on two networks
192.168.0.0	192.168.252.240	192.168. 0.0 - 192.168. 0.15 192.168. 1.0 - 192.168. 1.15 192.168. 2.0 - 192.168. 2.15 192.168. 3.0 - 192.168. 3.15	4 x 16 addresses allowed

IP trying to access AND **IP** Mask Range) = **IP** Address Value

SNMP Access - communities (passwords)

Two different password can be configured. Each can be set for R or R/W access and can be eventually disabled.

Most SNMP applications work with the following settings (default settings). For security reasons, we highly recommend to change the R/W access password.

- R (get, get next)"public"
- R/W (set) "private"

Note: <u>SNMP Access</u> settings are available at the SNMP Setup tab

What to do if you forget your password

- Restore the factory-default configuration of the device by one of the following methods:
 - Use the UDP Config utility (must run on the same network segment). Right-click the line corresponding to the device and select "Load defaults" from the pop-up menu.
 - Use the **DIP Load defaults** feature. Toggle the DIP1 switch several times during the first 5 seconds after powering up the device.
 - Connect to the Serial Setup (RS-232) and execute the Load Defaults function from the terminal menu.
 Access to the menu is: 9600/8N1, DIP1=1, Reset the device.

Network Settings

This block configures the main network parameters for Ethernet communication:

IP address

IP address of the unit. After a change, the device needs to be restarted

- Submask Local network mask. After a change, the device needs to be restarted
- **Gateway** Default gateway. After a change, the device needs to be restarted
- Primary DNS/Secondary DNS
 see below
- HTTP port Port for communication over the HTTP protocol. Default is 80
- TCP Telnet Setup Port for the terminal telnet setup mode. Default is **99**
- DHCP Client
 Activates assigning of network parameters by DHCP server Activated in default

DNS Settings

Primary and secondary DNS server settings. Gateway needs to be set correctly for correct operation.

A DNS server is necessary for converting domain names to IP addresses. Without a correctly configured DNS server, the following functions will not work:

- Time sync (SNTP), used in e-mails and SNMP traps to timestamp events
- E-mailing (SMTP)
- Logging of values with timestamps

Other Settings and Information

• Display temperature in

Specifies the unit of temperature (C – Celsius / centigrade, F – Fahrenheit, K – Kelvin). The setting only applies to the WWW interface. All other interfaces and protocols use $^{\circ}$ C, unless specified otherwise in the interface description.

System temperature in

settings of the temperature unit in communication protocols and in the log. You can select Celsius (for back compatibility set in default) or *"by Display temp"* when the units set in *Display temperature in* will be used

HW Security Protection

A DIP switch that prevents any changes in the device configuration.

- OUTPUTS: You can change values of outputs.
- CONFIGURATION: No changes are permitted.

Network Settings

IP Address:	192.168.6.6
Submask:	255.255.255.0
Gateway:	192.168.6.1
Primary DNS:	192.168.6.1
Secondary DNS:	192.168.1.253
HTTP Port:	80
TCP Telnet Setup:	99
DHCP Client:	

The protection status is displayed in the bottom left-hand corner. When the HW Protection is active, any configuration changes, including changes of the output states, are ignored. This mode is useful when connecting the Poseidon to a publicly accessible network.

Note: Any changes must be confirmed by clicking the Apply Changes button. A successful change is indicated by an animation in the status bar next to the Apply changes button.

SNMP

The SNMP Setup tab allows you to configure the settings for communication with the device using the SNMP protocol.

ttp://192.168.6.6/snmp.xn snmp.xn snmp	nl 🔎 – C 🔮 Poseidon2 4002 🛛 🗙		- ش ش
	Poseidon2 4002		SNMP
	General SNMP Settings	SNMP Access	
Poseidon	SNMP Port: 161	Community public	Read Write Enable
General		pilvale	
General setup	SNMP Trap Destinations		
SNMP Email	Destination Community A. public B.	IP Address 192.168.1.242	Port Enable 163 ☑
GSM	C		
Log & Time	E.		
Portal	MIB II System Group		
Sensors	SysContact: support@HWgroup.cz		
Inputs	SysName: Poseidon2 4002 SysLocation: Home		
Outputs			
System			
Apply Changes			
	http://www.hw-group.co	m/	

General SNMP Settings

• SNMP port

Port for communication within SNMP protocol [161].

SNMP Access

Defines names and access rights for user groups that can work with the Poseidon unit.

• Community

Textual name of the authorized group (usually Public and Private)

- Read The community is authorized to read variables over SNMP
- Write The community is authorized to write values to variables over SNMP
- Enable Enables or disables the group (community)

SNMP Trap Destination

Defines target destinations for sending SNMP traps.

- **Community** Textual name of the group for the SNMP trap being sent
- IP address Destination address where the SNMP traps are sent
- **Port** Destination port where the SNMP traps are sent
- Enable SNMP traps are sent to this destination

MIB II System Group

User-defined settings in the standard SNMP header.

- SysContact Contact information of the system administrator, e.g. an e-mail address
- SysName Device name
- **SysLocation** Location of the unit, e.g. "IT room, floor 2"

Note: Any changes must be confirmed by clicking the Apply Changes button. A successful change is indicated by an animation in the status bar next to the Apply changes button.

Email & SMS Setup

🔿 🔮 😻 http://192.168.6.6/email.xml	🔎 ▾ ♂ 🔮 Poseidon2 4002	×	යි කි
	Poseidon2 40	02	Email
Ŵ	Email Settings		
Poseidon	SMTP Server: SMTP port:	mail.hw.cz 25	[IP Address or DNS Name]
General	Authentication:		
General setup	Name/Password: Email Subject Text:	smtp Pokus	/ •••••
SNMP			
Email	Email Destinations		
GSM	Alarm Email Recipient:	olmr@hw.cz	
Log & Time	Alarm Email Copy: Alarm Email Copy: Alarm Email Copy:		
Portal	Alarm Email Copy: Periodic Log Recipient:	olmr@hw.cz	
Sensors			
Inputs	Test Email		
Outputs	State:	250 2.0.0 Ok: queued a	s 5084922021E
System			Send Test Email
	Periodic Status Setti	ings	
Apply Changes	Periodical Status:	Period: <mark>5</mark> Period: <mark>3</mark>	[minutes] [minutes]

- SMTP Server Host name or IP address of the SMTP server
- SMTP Port Port for communication with the SMTP server (25 by default)
- Email Sender Address E-mail address, used as a sender of the e-mail messages
- Authentication Enables user name/password authentication if the SMTP server requires it
 - Secure TLS mode Activates SSL/TLS authorization (gmail, etc.)
 - Name User name for authentication with the SMTP server
 - Password Password for authentication with the SMTP server
- Email Subject Text Subject of the e-mails sent
- Alarm Email Recipient E-mail address of the recipient (To)
- Alarm Email Copy E-mail address of the recipient (Cc)
- Periodic Log Recipient E-mail address of the recipient for periodically e-mailed logs
- Send Test Email button sends a test e-mail

Send Test Email

Tip: It is not always necessary to configure a SMTP Server in order to send e-mails. The Poseidon can work as SMTP server itself and deliver the e-mails directly to the user's mailbox. However, always test this mode in your particular environment – the e-mails sent in this mode are often blocked by various spam filters due to missing reverse MX records.

Poseidon can only send e-mails, it cannot receive them!

Received e-mail example:

E-mail is sent upon every alarm activation and deactivation.

```
DATETIMEDevice_NAMEDevice_IP10.10.200515:04:27Server_room1192.168.1.20
      TIME Device NAME
Email initiated: 48245 T-Room
                                         Alarm ACTIVATED
             _____
ID SENSOR Name VALUE UNIT Safe RANGE
                                                  ALARM
_____
ALARM state:
_____
48245 T-Room 25.30 °C -45.0 .. 22.0 Enabled
1 C-water 0FF if 0FF
Sensors list:
_____

      48245 T-Room
      25.30 °C
      -45.0 ..
      22.0 Enabled

      1559 H-Room
      53.00 %RH
      30.0 ..
      80.0 Enabled

      48 T-Srv01
      -27.30 °C
      -49.0 ..
      -25.1 Disabled

 257 ABCDEFGHIJKLMNO -109.30 °C -150.0 .. -105.0 Enabled
   1 C-water
                        OFF
                                                   if OFF
   2 C-AirFl
                        OFF
                                                   if ON
   3 C-Doorl
                         OFF
                                                   Disabled
Server_room1: http://192.168.1.20 00:0A:59:00:00:00
```

Tip:

For detailed description of the e-mail format, see the "Using Poseidon units in your programs" section.

Sending a test e-mail

Multiple systems need to be configured correctly in order to send e-mails from the device successfully. Therefore, it is advisable to double-check the following parameters:

- Gateway for the network connection
- DNS server in network settings
- SMTP server and port
- Authentication turned on, correct name and password
- Spam filter of your mailbox turned off

GSM SMS Interface

	Poseidon2 4002		GSM
Poseidon	Serial Port Settings Port Function: GSM Modem V		
General	SOAP Destination		
General setup	SOAP Server Link /Path IP Address or DNS Name A. 192.168.1.36 service.xml	Port 80	Enable
Ēmail	GSM SMS Interface		
iSM Log & Time Portal	GSM Function: Remote ✓ SMS + Ring When Alarm: RS-232 GSM Module: Not enabled SMS Center Number: Remote Destination: Remote Server A ✓		
Sensors inputs	GSM SMS Recipients		
Dutputs System	Alarm SMS Recipient 1: Alarm SMS Recipient 2: Alarm SMS Recipient 3: Alarm SMS Recipient 4: Alarm SMS Recipient 5:	Send Test Sh	<u>NS</u>
Apply Changes			

Serial Port Settings section

Port Function sets the serial port function (available only for models with serial port and server part netGSM. 3 available options:

- Disabled Serial port is off Only if the modem is not connected and the device works as a client.
- GSM modem A GSM modem is connected to a device and Poseidon works as a server for netGSM

Remote SMS GW

Allows setting up the IP address, HTTP port and service destination (where the request for sending the SMS messages and for RFID functions is sent. *On Poseidon units the path is always named service.xml !*

GSM SMS interface

Used for setting up the SMS sending parameters.

- GSM Function Sets if the SMS messages will be sent through a local modem (available only when serial port is in GSM modem state)
- SMS+Ring when Alarm enables calling the target number during SMS sending
- RS-232 GSM module Shows GSM modem status
 - Not Enabled inactive. Shows after changing the RS-232 port settings, until the change is saved
 - Not Found. Poseidon2 is set for connecting with local GSM modem, however the modem was not found
 - *Waiting for modem* Searching for modem in process
 - o Initializing Modem initialization in process
 - o Ready
- **SMS center Number** Control information, loaded from the SIM card, about provider's SMS center number. If the number is not loaded, no SMS can be sent.

GSM SMS recipient section

Allows users to choose the recipient numbers for SMS messages - regardless the function mode (local/remote modem)

SMS example

- Device name: **Poseid11**
- Sensors in Alarm:
 - Rack11 = 48.5°C, threshold is 40°C
 - T-Room = 48.3°C, threshold is 35°C
 - H-Room = 10% RH, threshold is 45% RH

Poseidon ALARM: Rack11(48,5), T-Room(48,3), H-Room(10)

- *Tip:* For a detailed description of the SMS format, see the "Using Poseidon units in your programs" section.
- **Note:** Any changes must be confirmed by clicking the Apply Changes button. A successful change is indicated by an animation in the status bar next to the Apply changes button.

Log & Time

This tab lets you configure the date, time, and logging options (if supported by the particular Poseidon model).

	Date and Time		
oseidon	Current Date: Current Time:	22.01.2014 21:07:09	[dd.mm.yyyy] [24 hour format]
General	Time Synchronizatio	on	
General setup	SNTP Server:	time.nist.gov	[IP Address or DNS Name]
SNMP	Time zone:	+1hour 🗸	
Email		Synchronize Time]
GSM	Device Learner Catti		
.og & Time	Device Logger Setui	ngs	
Portal	Log period: Logfile capacity:	60 [s] 16days, 10hours and 10minu	tes
Sensors	Report Log Period: Erase log after e-mail:	24 [h] ✓	
Inputs		Open log File Clear lo	og File
Outputs			
System			
Apply Changes			

Actual Date / Time

Current date and time settings

- Current Date Date in the [dd.mm.yyyy] format, for example: 31.12.2014
- Current Time

Current time in the 24-hour [hh:mm:ss] format, for example: **17:38:55** The time updates automatically while the browser window is open. It is only saved when the "**Set Date & Time**" button is clicked.

Note:

Date and time changes are not linked to the Apply Changes button and must be confirmed by clicking the Set Date & Time button.

Time Synchronization

SNTP server settings for time synchronization. If the time is not set (the date 1.1.1970 is displayed), the device attempts to synchronize the time approximately once per hour until successful.

SNTP Server

IP address or host name of the SNTP server to synchronize the time with. Preset server is **ntp1.sth.netnod.se**

• Your time shift compared to time server

Configure the offset of your timezone from the time of the SNTP server. SNTP servers use UTC time, which is nearly equivalent to GMT (London time). Hence, for Paris, Berlin, Prague, and other locations within the same time zone, set +1 hour.

Note:

The clock does not run when the device is powered off. The unit contains no battery. After a power failure, the time will be synchronized with the SNTP server.

Data Logger Settings

Configuration parameters for logging values to a circular buffer within the internal flash memory. When the buffer is full, the oldest values are overwritten with the newest ones. This function is supported only by certain Poseidon models.

Device Logger Settin	igs
Log period:	60 [s] 16days 10bours and 10minutes
Report Log Period:	24 [h]
Erase log after e-mail:	✓

Log Period

Caution:

Period for logging of all values into a logfile

Logfile capacity XXX

The capacity estimate is given in days, hours and minutes. The Poseidon calculates the capacity based on the number of sensors detected.

When the circular buffer is full, the remaining capacity shown will be zero. Clear the buffer to find out the total capacity.

- Report Log Period Period of sending log via e-mail
- Erase log after e-mail Erases the logfile after it is sent via e-mail. Decreases the size of the e-mail attachment and can speed up the data transfer
- **Open logfile** button Stores the current log file to disk by calling the external **/spilog.txt** file.
- Clear logfile button Clears all values from the logfile by calling the external /spilog.del file.

Note: Any changes must be confirmed by clicking the Apply Changes button. A successful change is indicated by an animation in the status bar next to the Apply changes button.

Portal

	Poseidon2 40	02		Portal
	Portal Message			
Poseidon		SensDesk.com:	<u>Check sensor online.</u>	
General	Portal			
General setup	Portal Enable:	∠		
	Push Period:	30 [s] 0=Disab	le nortal php	
SNMP	Server Address:	80 Dofault 80	portai.php	
E		00 Default 60		_
Email	Password:	and a second sec		
GSM	Current Push Timer:	8		
03M	Current Log Timer:	8		
Log & Time	Current Autopush Block	٥		
Log a mile	Timer:			
Portal	Manual Push:		Manual Push	
Sensors				
5013013	Sensors autopush co	onfig		
Inputs				
	Name	ID	Current Value	Autopush
Outputs	Sensor 240	47636	12.3 %RH	0.0
	Sensor 241	53270	14.1 %RH	0.0
System	Sensor 242	56342	10.7 %RH	0.0
	Sensor 243	65285	0 %	0.0
	Sensor 244	41496	30.0 °C	0.0
	Sensor 245	47130	25.9 °C	0.0
	Sensor 246	50202	31.9 °C	0.0
Apply Changes				
	Dry Contact Inputs	autopush config	J	
	Name	ID	Current Value	Autopush
	Binary 1	1	0(Off)	<u> </u>
	Binary 2	2	0(Off)	
	Binary 3	3	0(Off)	
	Binary 4	4	1(On)	
	Binary 5		0(Off)	
	Binary 6		0(Off)	
	Binary 7	7	0(Off)	
	Binary 8	8	0(Off)	
	Binary 9	9	0(Off)	
	Binary 10	10	0(0ff)	
	Binary 11 Binary 12	12	0(0ff)	
	Comm Monitor 1	123	1(On)	
	Commit Homeor 1	125	1(01)	

Configures the communication with the portal using the HWg-Push protocol. Poseidon2 is the active side and establishes the connection periodically and/or whenever a change in a sensor value exceeds the configured AutoPush value.

The <u>www.SensDesk.com</u>portal connection parameters are filled in.

Portal Message section

Information from the portal, containing for example links to graphs, etc. This relies on the portal type.

Portal section

- **Portal** Enables or disables portal function
- Push Period Period for sending the data to a remote server. The period is set on the side of the portal.

- Server address full URL address of a remote server
- **IP Port** listener port of the portal
- **Username** Username for assigning the device to a user. Will be received from the portal administrator.
- **Password** Password for assigning the device to a user. Will be received from the portal administrator.
- Current Push Timer Shows the remaining time to the next Push sending.
- Current Push Timer Shows the remaining time to the data saving to the flash memory.
- **Current AutoPush Block Timer** Shows the time remaining to the next AutoPush. This period is set from the side of the portal.
- Manual Push Button for immediate manual sending of the data to the portal.

AutoPush configuration

Poseidon2 connects to the portal and notifies a value change whenever a change in the sensor reading exceeds the configured AutoPush value.

This configuration only applies to the communication between Poseidon2 and the online portal. Local alarm values are configured in the portal.

For portal connection, check:

- 4) Correct Gateway IP address
- 5) **DNS server** in network settings
- 6) Correct **Server Address** of the portal

Sensors

This tab configures the parameters for all sensors on both buses.

Email SMS	CNMD						SCHSU	
	Trap Ema	is Delay ⊡ [s]	Hysteresis	Safe Range	Name			oseidon
✓ □	<u>v</u> v	0	0.0	10.0 60.0	Sensor 240	: 47636	Sensor ID: Code: Value:	eneral
<u>v</u> v		0	0.0	10.0 60.0	Sensor 241	: 53270	Sensor ID: Code:	eneral setup
✓ ■		0	0.0	10.0 60.0	Sensor 242	: 56342	Sensor ID: Code:	nail
	V	0	0 0.0	0.0 100.0	Sensor 243	11.3 %RH : 65285	Value: Sensor ID: Code:	g & Time
• •	• •	0	0.0	10.0 60.0	Sensor 244	0 % : 41496	Value: Sensor ID: Code:	nsors
	• •	0	0.0	10.0 60.0	Sensor 245	27.5 °C : 47130	Value: Sensor ID: Code:	puts
	• •	0	0.0	10.0 60.0	Sensor 246	23.6 °C : 50202 29.5 °C	Value: Sensor ID: Code: Value:	rstem
]	/ire sensors	5 sensors Find 1Wire	Find 1Wire + RS48			Apply Changes
		0) 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0	0.0 100.0 10.0 60.0 10.0 60.0 10.0 60.0	Sensor 243 Sensor 244 Sensor 245 Sensor 246	: 65285 0 % : 41496 27.5 °C : 47130 23.6 °C : 50202 29.5 °C	Sensor ID: Code: Value: Sensor ID: Code: Value: Sensor ID: Code: Value: Sensor ID: Code: Value:	g & Time Intal Insors puts utputs rstem

Find 1Wire + RS485 sensors and Find 1Wire sensors

Starts the automatic detection of connected sensors.

Click the button to stop all activity and start the autodetection. The process can take a long time, even 2 minutes.

When the detection completes, a dialog informs you about the results. After a successful autodetection, all sensors are ready to measure.

Note:

For a faster autodetection with a more detailed output, see the TCP Setup section.

The sensors must be with Autodetection after every change.

- Name Name of the input, up to 12 chars (e.g. "above door", "area1 humid").
- Sensor ID Unique sensor identifier, specifies its address on the bus. More about sensors addressing can be found in materials about Poseidon family. Range for sensors is [65..150] and [256..65535]
- Code Full ID of the 1-Wire sensor
- Value actual sensor state. Sensors that are not found or not working read as -999.9.
- Safe Range

Range of values which are considered to be OK.

With Safe Range set to <u>15,0 – 35,0</u> an alarm e-mail will be sent when the values are **below 14,9** and **above 35,1**.

тſ°С

• Hysteresis

Defines a **tolerance band** when exceeding a threshold in order to avoid raising multiple alarms when the reading fluctuates near the threshold.

See the detailed description in the Sensor Hysteresis section.



• Delay [s]

Delays the information about alarm beginning and alarm end.

• Out of Safe Range

Defines the response if a reading is outside of its safe range

Delay [s]

- SNMP Trap Enables sending a SNMP trap upon alarm activation/deactivation
- Email Enables sending an e-mail upon alarm activation/deactivation
- SMS Enables sending an SMS upon alarm activation/deactivation

Note:

SMS (text messages) are sent through a GSM modem connected directly to the Poseidon unit via the RS-232 interface.

_

Inputs

Parameters for Dry Contact inputs.

oseidon	Name	ID	Current Value	Alarm State	Delay [s]	Out of Safe Range	Out of Sa Range	fe
Cananal	Binary 1	1	0(Off)	Active if on 🗸	5	эмме ттар		15
General	Binary 2	2	0(Off)	Active if on 🗸	5	~	v	~
General setup	Binary 3	3	0(Off)	Disabled 🗸	0			
	Binary 4	4	1(On)	Disabled 🗸	0			
SNMP	Binary 5	5	0(Off)	Disabled 🗸	0			
	Binary 6	6	0(Off)	Disabled 🗸	0			
Email	Binary 7	7	0(Off)	Disabled 🗸	0			
2CM	Binary 8	8	0(Off)	Disabled 🗸	0			
35M	Binary 9	9	0(Off)	Disabled 🗸	0			
og & Time	Binary 10	10	0(Off)	Disabled 🗸	0			
Log & Hine	Binary 11	11	0(Off)	Disabled 🗸	0			
Portal	Binary 12	12	0(Off)	Disabled 🗸	0			
	Comm Monitor 1	123	1(On)	Disabled 🗸	0		✓	~
Sensors								
Dutputs								
System								

- Name Name of the input, up to 12 chars (e.g. "left door", "smoke room 1").
- ID Unique ID of the input variable within the device [1..32]
- Current Value Current state of the input ("0 (Off)" / "1 (On)")
- Alarm State Alarm state definition for each input
 - Active if On Alarm is active whenever the input is in 1 (On)
 - Active if Off Alarm is active whenever the input is in 0 (Off)
 - Disabled Input has no alarm state defined



Out of Safe Range

Reaction to activation/deactivation of the alarm state for dry contact inputs

- SNMP Trap Enables sending a SNMP trap upon alarm activation/deactivation
- Email Enables sending an e-mail upon alarm activation/deactivation
- SMS Enables sending an SMS upon alarm activation/deactivation

Note:

SMS (text messages) are sent through a GSM modem connected directly to the Poseidon unit via the RS-232 interface. See the list of Poseidon models for details.

Outputs

Control and mode configuration of outputs.

Poseidon2 400 Relavious outputs General ID Current Value Basic General setup ID O(Off) Name O(Off) Name	O2 OUTPUTS
Relay Outputs ID Current Value Basic ID Current Value Basic General 151 O(Off) Name OFF (Open) Nam Pulse Timer SNMP 151 O(Off) Name OFF (Open) Nam Pulse Timer GSM 152 O(Off) Name OF (Open) Nam Pulse Timer Log & Time 153 O(Off) Name ON (Closed) Nam OFF (Open) Nam Pulse Timer Portal 153 O(Off) Name ON (Closed) Nam OFF (Open) Nam Inputs Name Name ON (Closed) Nam	sic parameters Output Control BinOut 1#1 Annual Change to On Off Off On Sec Manual Change to On Do Sec Manual Change to On Chang
ID Current Value Basic General ID Current Value Basic General setup 151 0(Off) ON (Closed) Nar OFF (Open) Narr Pulse Timer SNMP ID Value Name Email 152 0(Off) Name GSM ID Value Name Log & Time ID Value Name Portal ID 0(Off) Name Sensors Inputs ISI 0(Off) Name Inputs ID ID Value Name	sic parameters Output Control BinOut 1#1 Anne On Off O Sec BinOut 2 Anne On Off On Off O Sec BinOut 3 Manual Change to On Change to On LocalCondition Off O Sec BinOut 3 Manual Change to On LocalCondition On Off O Sec BinOut 3 Manual D D D Sec D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D
General Image: Second	BinOut 1#1 • Manual Change to On On • LocalCondition Image to On Off 0 Sec Sec BinOut 2 • Manual Change to On Iame On • LocalCondition On • LocalCondition On off • LocalCondition On if value higher than Trigger v BinOut 3 • Manual On if value higher than Trigger v BinOut 3 • DocalCondition On if value higher than Trigger v On • DocalCondition On if value higher than Trigger v
General setup 151 0(Off) ON (Closed) Nar OFF (Open) Nam Pulse Timer SNMP 152 0(Off) Name Email 152 0(Off) ON (Closed) Nar OFF (Open) Nam GSM 152 0(Off) Name Log & Time 153 0(Off) ON (Closed) Nar OFF (Open) Nar Portal 00 (Off) ON (Closed) Nar Sensors 000 (Off) ON (Closed) Nar Inputs 454 0(Off) Name	Iame On LocalCondition ame Off 0 0 Sec Manual Iame On LocalCondition Iame On LocalCondition On Off On Iame Off On O Sec Sec BinOut 3 Manual Iame On Off LocalCondition Iame On On LocalCondition Iame On On LocalCondition On Onif value higher than Trigger v On Donordopt on Donordopt on Plastic indepr/ 10693) v
SNMP Email GSM Log & Time Portal Sensors Inputs	BinOut 2 • Manual Change to On Iame On • LocalCondition Off • • 0 Sec • BinOut 3 • • BinOut 3 • • Bame On • On • • Iame On • On • • Iame On • On • • On • <t< td=""></t<>
Email 152 0(Off) ON (Closed) Nar OFF (Open) Narr Pulse Timer Log & Time 153 0(Off) Name ON (Closed) Narr Pulse Timer Portal 153 0(Off) ON (Closed) Narr OFF (Open) Narr Pulse Timer Sensors Name Inputs 151 0(Off)	Iame On ElecalCondition On if value higher than Trigger Value Off On ElecalCondition On if value higher than Trigger Value Off Triger Value O.0
GSM Log & Time Portal Sensors Inputs OFF (Open) Nam Pulse Timer Name ON (Closed) Nam Pulse Timer Name ON (Closed) Nam ON (Clos	ame Off 0 Sec BinOut 3 • Manual Iame On • LocalCondition On if value higher than Trigger v ame Off • Triger Value 0.0 Dependent on Plastic index(10693) v
Log & Time Name Portal 153 0(Off) Name Sensors Name ON (Closed) Name Inputs Ame	BinOut 3 ● Manual Hame On ● LocalCondition On if value higher than Trigger v Hame Off Triger Value 0.0
Portal 153 0(Off) ON (Closed) Narr OFF (Open) Narr Pulse Timer Sensors Name Inputs 454 2(off)	Imme On LocalCondition On if value higher than Trigger Imme Imme Off Triger Value 0.0 Imme Dependent on Plastic indepr(10693) Value
Sensors Pulse Timer Name Inputs	0 Sec. Dependent on Plastic indeer(10693) w
Inputs ON (Closed) Name	
Inputs ON (Closed) Nar	BinOut 4 • Manual Change to On
0FF (Open) Nam	ame On CocalCondition
Outputs Pulse Timer	0 Sec
System	
Apply Changes	

- ID Unique ID of the output within the device [151..215]
- Name Name of the output, up to 12 chars (e.g. "top fan", "Door rack 4").
- Current Value Current state of the input ("0 (Off)" / "1 (On)")
- ON (Closed) Name State 1 name (On) for example set, flooded, closed, etc.
- ON (Closed) Name State 0 name (Off) for example disconnected, open, etc.
- Pulse timer Allows switching the output to the state 1 (On) for a defined time.
 If you need the opposite polarity, use the NO/NC relay output.
 With Pulse Timer = 0, the pulse function on the output is inactive (default value)

Switching the output for a defined time apply also for local condition mode. Pulse time starts when the condition is triggered (Safe Range is exceeded) Switches only once after the condition is met.

Output Control

- Manual Output controlled over the web or M2M protocols (XML, SNMP..)
 - Change to On / Off Change output state (after confirming with Apply Changes)
- Local Condition Output is controlled by the sensor state condition. For M2M protocols the output value is for reading only (<u>output cannot be controlled</u>).

Output is controlled by the Target Value, hysteresis (IDLE Range) set for the specific sensor is used.

• On if any alarm

The output is closed if at least one of the inputs or sensors is in alarm. This condition accepts also DELAY and HYSTERESIS settings of the specific active sensors and inputs.

- On if alarm on This output switches if an Alarm occurs on a specific selected sensor (input).
- On if value equal to Trigger The output is closed if the value matches the Target Value setting.
- On if value higher than Trigger The output is closed if the Current Value is greater than the Target Value setting.
- On if value Lower than Trigger The output is closed if the Current Value is lower than the Target Value setting
- **Trigger Value** Border value of the condition (This output switches On for example if the value is higher than the **Trigger Value**)
- **Dependent On** Selection of a sensor to which the condition applies.

Note:Output conditions are not supported on Poseidon 2250.Local conditions are also called IP Thermostat mode.

GSM modem (local or remote)



Text messages (SMS) can be sent in two ways:

A) Local GSM modem

A GSM modem is connected to the Poseidon's RS-232 interface. The modem is powered from its own adapter or from the 12V power out. An active SIM is inserted in the modem, PIN is disabled. SMS Center should be retrieved from the SIM after start-up.

B) Remote GSM modem

Poseidon does not have its own GSM modem. "Serial Port Settings" is set to "<u>Disabled</u>". To send a SMS, a GSM modem connected to another Poseidon unit or the "SMS GW" product is used. Remote GSM modem has to be accessible online, via <u>service.xml</u>," using address A, usually on port 80

SOAP protocol is used for communication. If the connection is not established or is refused, Poseidon tries to send the SMS again.

- The throughput of the remote GSM modem is limited to 5 SMS per minute for Poseidon units and about 20 SMS per minute for "SMS GW".
- The modem function can be tested by pressing the corresponding button.
- The **SMS** + **Ring When Alarm** option rings the telephone number for 4 seconds after sending the alarm SMS.

System

192.168.2.245/system.xml	⊽ C Soogle	♪ ☆ 自 ↓ 合 ※ ▼ 目
	Poseidon2 4002	System
	Communication Monitor	
Poseidon	Modbus: Monitors commun XML/HTTP: protocols. Virtual	ication with a device based on all selected Input "Comm Monitor 1(123)" sets to 0 in any traffic using all selected protocols within
General	Time: 15 [s] the defined time.	
General setup		
SNMP	Configuration	
Email	Load Configuration: Procházet Soubor nevybrán. Save Configuration:	. Upload Download
GSM		
Log & Time	System	
Portal	Uptime: 11days,21hours, 1minutes	Restart Device
Sensors	Factory Default:	Set Default Config
Inputs	Device FirmWare: 1.2.7	Update FW
Outputs		
System		
Apply Changes		

Communication monitor

Monitors communication with the Poseidon over selected protocol. If the communication stops for longer than the set time, virtual input *Comm monitor* is triggered.

- Save Configuration Stores the setup.xml file with device configuration to your HDD.
- Load Configuration Loads a XML file with the configuration from your PC.
- **Uptime** Time of uninterrupted device operation (since last restart)
- Check for firmware updates Online check if a newer firmware version is available at the HW group server.
- Set Default Config Restore factory-default settings.
- Restart device resets the unit
- Update FW Loads a .HWg firmware file from your PC to the device.

Update Firmware

Updating the firmware over the WEB

Upload the firmware in a .hwg file over HTTP to http://x.x.x.x/upload/.

Connection cannot be interrupted during the transmission. If the FW is not loaded correctly this way, use the previously mentioned RS-232 update option to upload the file.

Firmware in the .HWg format is available at the Poseidon website, or on the supplied CD.

🚰 File Upload - Microsoft Internet Explorer		
<u>S</u> oubor Úpr <u>a</u> vy <u>Z</u> obrazit <u>O</u> blíbené <u>N</u> ástroje Nápo <u>v</u> ěda		1
← Zpět → → → 🙆 🗿 🚮 🔞 Hledat 🛛 » Google	: -	**
Agresa 🕘 http://192.168.6.19/upload	🔹 🥜 Přejít	Odkazy »
		*
Upload Firmware		
Procházet	Upload	
		Y
Kei Hotovo		

Firmware Update over RS-232

Poseidon2 4002 firmware can be updated via RS-232 interface. The firmware consists of a single file with a **.HWg** extension. You can download the file at our website.

Caution: Please contact us in case of any problems with firmware upload.

Poseidon Firmware Upload – step by step

- Power off the Poseidon.
- Connect the Poseidon2 to the serial port on your PC using a RS-232 cable with the "Laplink" wiring.
- Set the Poseidon2 DIP switches to: DIP1=ON, DIP2=OFF, DIP3=OFF, DIP4=OFF.
- Run the Hercules Setup utility and select the "Serial" tab.
- Select the serial port where the Poseidon2 is connected.
- Click the "HWg FW update" option and select the firmware file you want to upload to the Poseidon2.
- When the screen with the progress bar appears, power the Poseidon2 back on.



- After uploading the firmware, previous configuration settings are retained. The Poseidon2 restarts and is immediately operational.
- Remember to return the DIP switches to their previous positions.

Software Applications

HWg-PDMS

Windows application that logs data from all HW group devices into its internal database.

The application runs in the background (NTservice). Data are retrieved from the device over HTTP or e-mail.

Data can be exported over XML or automatically stored to MS Excel.

HWg-PDMS 2.1.7 - Logged in user		The local division in which the local division in the local divisi	and a			-	х
<u>File Edit View Tools H</u> elp							
Status Device List Sensor List							
Overview:			Pos	eidon & Damocles Monito	ring System PD	MS	
					Periodic XLS F	Reports:	
Hard Solution (1990) 10.9. 11.9. 11.9.	12.9. 13.9.	14.9. 15.9. 1	5.9. 16.9.	17.9. 18.9.	Online-demos-week	skly	
Device:	Interval:	.		Save Chart As		_	
Sensor	From	I		gave charms	Add Report	Previer	2
T-Outdoor PRG = 72.1 %RH	▼ 10. 9.2013 ▼	11:10:57 🛨 17. 9.2013	▼ 11:10:57 ÷	<u>R</u> efresh Chart	Open Rej	port <u>F</u> older	
Status:					Sensor List:		
4 devices 0 de	evices not responding				Hum MB, SI	93.8 %RH	*
2 connected sensors Use	ensors not responding		<u>E</u> dit D	evices & Sensors	T-Outdoor PRG	72.1 %RH	
2 sensors out or mange or in Maini					Battery Monitor	100 %	
					External Power	On	
Log Messages:	Device Filter:	None	-		H-Uutdoor PRG	11.5 °C	
					EX light BH Jap BMW oar	32 % 56 0 % P H	-
17.9.2013 11:10:53: Control Server: Authorize :	successfull 127.0.0.1:50576	2012 11-10-E71	*	Actual sensor reading	Sensor 215	23.5 °C	
17.9.2013 11:10:57: Chart: Generating (from 17.9.2013 11:10:58: Chart: Finished successful	ru. 5.2013 11:10:57 to 17.9 Iv (count: 5022)	2013 11:10:07]		1 Minuto	Sensor 216	44.4 %RH	
17.9.2013 11:11:01: SQL: Begin transaction su	ccessful		-	<u>i minute</u>	T Jan BMW car	25.812 °C	
17.9.2013 11:11:02: SQL: Commit transaction s	tarting	and E for found (0)		+ Zoom Lon	Temp MB, SI	9.3 °C	
1.5.2015 H. H. UZ. SUL. Commit transaction s	uccessiur (total: 7612, com	nikea. o, banerea: Uj	T	+ <u>∠</u> 0001100g	T-Indoor PRG	12.5 °C	Ŧ
Next sensor reading: 0:00:58	Next report generatin	g: On 23.9.2013 at 0:00:	00				//

License: Free HWg-PDMS version for 3 sensors Paid versions for 8 / 20 / 200 / unlimited sensors

HWg-Trigger

Windows application for detecting and reacting to events.

Detects, for instance, disconnected devices, failed sensors values out of range, or incoming SNMP Trap alerts.

Possible responses include sending an e-mail, activating a relay over the network, or sending a text message (SMS) using HWg-SMS-GW.

Other responses include displaying a warning message in Windows, starting an application, or the computer.



PosDamIO

Poseidon Damocles I/O is a command-line utility for Windows and Linux that lets you control Poseidon and Damocles units over the XML interface. Calling the program can print out the sensors, inputs and outputs states, but also set an output to a log. 1 or 0.

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SensDesk.com

Online portal for collecting data from LAN and GSM sensors.

Poseidon2 can connect to the SensDesk Internet service. All devices can be managed from a single WWW interface. Watch sensor states, display your devices in a map, compare trends in time and analyze alarm messages.

SensDesk is a way to implement fully functional monitoring of customer technology in a matter of minutes, with fixed costs of the system. No need for installing a complex system or adding another server at the customer side.

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- Overview of all sensors at a single place
- Centralized alarm configuration for individual sensors
- Mobile application for monitoring
- Remote configuration of GSM devices

HW group

Connecting Poseidon2 to SensDesk portal

Connecting to the portal

1) Connect the device to a computer network and set the network parameters (More in First steps chapter in the user manual).

Å.		UDP Co	onfig 4.13.0 for HW g	roup pro	oducts (www.hw-group.com)	- 🗆 🗙
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00:04:59:03:2F:D7	Indino	192.168.1.52	IP Watchdog industrial	99	TCP setup=Y, DHCP=Y		
00:0A:59:01:FF:B1	SH4	192.168.1.69	SH4	80	TCP setup=N, DHCP=N		
00:0A:59:03:11:9D	Cabinet 001	192.168.1.72	Poseidon 4001	81	TCP setup=Y, DHCP=N		
00:0A:59:01:D6:42	HWg-STE Push	192.168.1.90	HWg-STE Push	80	TCP setup=Y, DHCP=Y		
00:0A:59:01:DF:2F	HWg-STE Push	192.168.1.93	HWg-STE Push	80	TCP setup=Y, DHCP=N		
00:0A:59:00:CF:3C	Poseidon 3268	192.168.1.100	Poseidon model 3266	80	TCP setup=Y, DHCP=N		
00:0A:59:03:1B:28	Damocles 1208	192.168.1.165	Damocles model 1208	80	TCP setup=Y, DHCP=Y		
00:0A:59:00:CF:26	Poseidon 3266	192.168.1.217	Poseidon model 3266	80	TCP setup=Y		
00:0A:59:00:D0:11	Poseidon 3266	192.168.1.218	Poseidon model 3266	80	TCP setup=Y		
00:0A:59:00:D0:35	Poseidon 3266	192.168.1.219	Poseidon model 3266	80	TCP setup=Y		
00:0A:59:00:D0:66		<u>192.168.1.220</u>	Poseidon model 3266	80	TCP setup=Y		
00:0A:59:00:D1:23	Poseidon 3266	<u>192.168.1.221</u>	Poseidon model 3266	80	TCP setup=Y		
00:0A:59:00:CF:C3	Poseidon 3266	<u>192.168.1.222</u>	Poseidon model 3266	80	TCP setup=Y		
00:0A:59:00:D0:4C		<u>192.168.1.223</u>	Poseidon model 3266	80	TCP setup=Y		
00:0A:59:00:D0:4D		<u>192.168.1.225</u>	Poseidon model 3266	80	TCP setup=Y		
00:0A:59:00:D0:81	Poseidon 3266	<u>192.168.1.227</u>	Poseidon model 3266	80	TCP setup=Y		
00:0A:59:00:D1:70	Poseidon 3266	<u>192.168.1.228</u>	Poseidon model 3266	80	TCP setup=Y		
00:0A:59:00:D2:C5		192.168.1.230	Poseidon model 3266	80	TCP setup=Y		
00:0A:59:01:E7:C3	HWg-STE Push	192.168.2.4	HWg-STE Push	80	TCP setup=Y, DHCP=Y		
00:0A:59:00:DA:29	SH3	192.168.2.15	SH3	80	TCP setup=N, DHCP=Y		
00:0A:59:00:D1:E6		<u>192.168.2.110</u>	Poseidon model 3266	80	TCP setup=Y		
00:0A:59:00:D2:A5		<u>192.168.2.111</u>	Poseidon model 3266	80	TCP setup=Y		
00:0A:59:00:D2:AB		<u>192.168.2.113</u>	Poseidon model 3266	80	TCP setup=Y		
00:0A:59:01:F6:FC	HWg-STE-Hadice	<u>192.168.2.153</u>	HWg-STE-Hadice	80	TCP setup=N, DHCP=Y		
00:0A:59:01:F8:1F	HWg-STE	<u>192.168.3.58</u>	HWg-STE	80	TCP setup=N, DHCP=Y		
earching modules	. done						

2) Go to the device's WWW setup, Portal tab, in the Portal Config section tick the Portal field, save the changes and then press the Manual Push button. Standard procedure: http://sensdesk.com/portal.php

>> Click the message in "Portal message" section.

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Log & Time	Current Autopush Block Timer:				Log & Time	Current Autopush Block Timer:			
• Portal	Manual Push:		Manual Push		→ Portal	Manual Push:		Manual Push	
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Outputs	Sensor 240 Sensor 241	47636 53270	12.3 %RH 14.1 %RH	0.0	Outputs	Sensor 240 Sensor 241	47636 53270	12.3 %RH 14.1 %RH	0.0
System	Sensor 242			0.0	System	Sensor 242			0.0
	Sensor 243	65285	0 %	0.0		Sensor 243	65285	0 %	0.0
	Sensor 244 Sensor 245	47130	25.9 °C	0.0		Sensor 244	41496	25.9 °C	0.0
	Sensor 246	50202		0.0		Sensor 246	50202		0.0
Apply Changes					Apply Changes				
	Dry Contact Inputs	autopush config				Dry Contact Inputs	autopush confi		
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	Binary 1		0(Off)			Binary 1		0(Off)	
	Binary 2 Binary 3		0(Off) 0(Off)			Binary 2 Binary 3		0(Off) 0(Off)	
	Binary 4		1(On)			Binary 4		1(On)	
	Binary 6		0(Off)			Binary 6		0(Off)	
	Binary 7 Binary 8		0(Off)			Binary 7 Binary 8		0(Off)	
	Binary 9		0(Off)			Binary 9		0(Off)	
	Binary 10		0(Off)			Binary 10		0(Off)	
	Binary 11		0(Off)			Binary 11		0(Off)	
	Binary 12	12	0(Off)			Binary 12	12	0(Off)	
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 By clicking the SensDesk.com: register your IP sensor link you will be redirected to the SensDesk.com service website - to a login dialog.



 If you already have a user account, enter the login details and the device will be automatically assigned to your account.

Otherwise click the *Register to Portal* link to get to the registration form.



5) Create the login details. E-mail address has to be unique for the whole portal.

Company name field allows you to create a 3rd level domain (typically *company.sensdesk.com*). If you leave this field empty, a user name will be used for the sub domain.

A user account will be created after clicking the *Create new account* button and at the same time an activation email will be sent to your e-mail address. A links sent to your e-mail address has to be used in order to activate the account.



6) Account activation will redirect you to an Invitation page.

Test the portal reaction to your devices. After leaving the page the reaction time to changes in measured values will increase to 15 minutes. In case a shorter time is needed, set the "AutoPush" parameters in the device's setup.

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Port: 80	10110012-4		Password:		Popul.		
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579	•	Sensor 7313	27.1	*C	3 sec ago	upravit smazat	
27.3	2						
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 Device Password can be found in the user account options on SensDesk.com (My Account), in the field Push.

This password is saved in devices and mobile applications. Device password cannot be changed and for security reasons it is different to your user password.

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Simple SMS alarm default gateway			
Country: Czech Republic			
History			
Number for 11 min 23 sec			
Send this user a private message			
0 HW group 2013	SensDesk: Free online portal for you	r IP s	ensors

8) Mobile phone app: SensDesk Mobile

In the account configuration settings on SensDesk.com are instructions how to download the mobile application for free.



Using Poseidon2 units in your applications

PosDamIO – Command line control

Poseidon Damocles I/O is a command-line utility for Windows and Linux that lets you control Poseidon and Damocles units over the XML interface. Calling the program can print out the sensors, inputs and outputs states, but also set an output to a log. 1 or 0.

The PosDamIO utility is intended for applications and scripts that need a simple way of controlling or reading remote sensors, digital inputs and digital outputs. You can modify the utility to suit your needs it is included in the HWg SDK.

Options:

C: WINDOWS system32 cmd.ese

-g, --get -o, --output X=Y -f, --filename SEIUP.XML

F:\DamPosIO\posdamio>posdamio Usage: posdamio [OPTIONS] IP_ADDRESS [PORT <default: 80>]

Basic functions

- Dump the states of sensors, digital inputs and outputs to the screen, or to a file
- Set the state of an output with a command-line command
- Read the state of an input and set the ErrorLevel return value accordingly
- Download or upload the values.xml file containing the current readings
- Download or upload the setup.xml file containing device configuration for easy device cloning

Features

- Windows and Linux version
- Source code included in the HWg SDK
- All communication with the device takes place over the XML interface
- Get actual values and print list Set output X (1..64) to value Y (8, 1, OFF, ON) File with configuration for uploading to the remote device (max. 20000 hytes) File to store actual values in XML format File to store actual values in text format HITP authorization user HTTP authorization password -values UALUES.XML -setup SETUP.XML -text DATA.TXT -user USER -password PASSWORD Ψ., u, -p., --help --version --error-level Print this help and exit Display version information and exit Print error levels and exit -h. Examples: posdamio -g 192.168.0.41 posdamio -s c:\data\setup.xml -v c:\data\values.xml 192.168.0.41 posdamio -o 1=0N 192.168.0.41 posdamio -o 1=1 192.168.0.41 posdamio -o 1= 192.168.0.41 F:\DamPosIO\posdamio>posdamio -o 1=1 192.168.1.144 192.168.1.144:80 connecting. OX SET output 1=1. OX exit F:\DamPosI0\posdamio>posdamio 192.168.1.144 192.168.1.144:80 connecting. OK GET setup.xml. OK DATE TIME Device_NAME 01.01.1970 03:05:19 Poseidon 3268 Device_IP 192.168.1.144 I D Nane Value Unit ALARM Safe Range ALARM state: 33398 Sensor 240 26.8 C Active 10.0 .. 25.3 SensorsI ON OFF OFF OFF OFF ON 26.8 1 BinOut 1 2 BinOut 2 1 Ustup 1 2 Renamed In 2 3 Binary 3 4 Binary 4 33398 Sensor 240 Inactive Inactive Inactive Inactive Active 10.0 .. 25.3 C Poseidon 3268: http://192.168.1.144
- Before uploading, the utility transforms the XML file to the format required by the device (see product manual)

F:\DanPosIO\posdamio>

Conclusion:

PosDamIO is a free command-line utility that enables simple control of Poseidon units from within batch files. Its source code is freely available in the HWg SDK package.

exit

For detailed information, see: AN29: PosDamIO controls outputs through the command line.

HWg-SDK

HWg SDK is a library of functions, as well as examples of their use, for Unix and Windows. The functions are intended to help third-party SW solutions communicate with our products over IP. SDK reduces the time needed to implement support for our products into your SW.

- **HWg SDK is free of charge**; however, you need to register before downloading. After competing the registration you will receive a link to the latest version download. <u>http://www.hw-group.com/software/sdk/index_en.html</u>
- HWg SDK is available in **English only**.
- SDK installs to the Windows environment, its interface is HTML-based.

When is the SDK useful for you? For example, Poseidon products share the readings in a welldocumented XML file. A simple XML parser is sufficient to transform the data into another structure. However, to receive alarm alerts, a SNMP trap parser needs to be implemented, and so on.

All of these functions use standard interfaces. On the other hand, unless you already have a complete SNMP implementation in your software, it is easier to use HWg SDK functions that invoke the respective event handlers in your software.

Basic SDK features

- HWg SDK is simple to understand
- HWg SDK speeds up the implementation of HW group products in your SW
- With HWg SDK, you don't have to worry about future changes of structures, interface updates, and so on
- HWg SDK is ready to work with most programming languages

Structure according to the programming language

- Visual Basic (6.0) (all 3xx examples)
- Borland C++ (all 1xx examples)
- **Delphi** (all 4xx examples)
- Microsoft Visual C++ (all 2xx examples)
- .NET (all 5xx examples)
- other examples that do not directly use SDK functions (all 9xx examples)

Examples of HWg-SDK contents

- Ready-made examples of functioning, complete programs that can be reused
- Documented functions, examples of use

Caution:

The entire SDK is commented in English only. Therefore, the description that follows is in English only.

Ready-made examples in HWg SDK (for Borland C++ builder)

• EX101: UDP setup Simple application to handle UDP setup functions in Borland C++ Builder using the HWg SDK. Includes searching for devices as well as reading and writing their basic network parameters.

Functions used: hwudps_init, hwudps_uninit, hwudps_reinit, hwudps_search, hwudps_search_finish, hwudps_count, hwudps_record, hwudps_setup, hwudps_setup_finish

• EX102: I/O Controller example

Simple example to demonstrate UDP search for devices, reading and writing basic network parameters and controlling I/O pins of the I/O Controller device. Written in Borland C++ Builder using the HWg SDK. I/O pins are controlled with NVT commands based on a RFC2217 extension by HW group.

```
Functions used: hwudps_init, hwudps_uninit, hwudps_reinit,
hwudps_search, hwudps_search_finish, hwudps_count,
hwudps_record, hwudps_setup, hwudps_setup_finish,
hwnvt_init, hwnvt_uninit, hwnvt_open, hwnvt_close,
hwnvt_open_finish, hwnvt_clr_callback_struct,
hwnvt_in_change2callback, hwnvt_get_in,
hwnvt_wait_finish, hwnvt_get_in_cache, hwnvt_get_out,
hwnvt_get_out_cache, hwnvt_set_out_pin
```

Demonstrated features

- UDP broadcast search for devices
- Displaying discovered devices
- Editing the parameters for a specified MAC address
- Applying changes to a specified device
- Reading the state of 8 input bits
- Writing the state to the output register (bit by bit)
- Using a callback function to quickly detect changes at input pins

• EX103: Remote serial port control

An example to demonstrate UDP search for devices, reading and writing basic network parameters and controlling the parameters of a remote serial port. Communication with the remote device, reading and writing data over a TCP connection. Written in Borland C++ Builder using the HWg SDK. Serial port settings are controlled with NVT commands based on a RFC2217 extension by HW group.



		- 비스
UDP setup		
Device's MAC list:	ID.	
00-04-59-01-E0-3C	192.16	21.74
00:0A:59:03:0E:9A	[132.10	2.1.74
00:0A:59:00:A8:FB		
00:0A:59:03:0C:2C	133	
00:0A:59:03:08:93	Mask:	
100.04.33.03.00.40	200.20	0.200.0
Search	Gatewa	y
Applu changes	192.16	3.1.1
		enable
IP Watchdog lite		2.0.0
Connection	- Inputs	- Outputs
		F a v a
		Uutu
Status:	□ in 1	Cut 0
Status: Not connect	□ In 1 □ In 2	Dut 0
Status: Not connect	☐ in 1 ☐ in 2 ☐ in 3	Cut 0
Status: Not connect	☐ in 1 ☐ in 1 ☐ in 2 ☐ in 3 ☐ in 4 ☐ in 5	Out 0 Out 1 Out 2 Out 3 Out 4 Out 5
Status: Not connect	☐ in 1 ☐ in 1 ☐ in 2 ☐ in 3 ☐ in 4 ☐ in 5 ☐ in 6	Cut 1 Cut 1 Cut 2 Cut 2 Cut 3 Cut 4 Cut 5 Cut 5 Cut 6
Status: Not connect	in 1 in 1 in 2 in 3 in 4 in 5 in 6 in 7	Out 0 Out 1 Out 2 Out 3 Out 4 Out 5 Out 6 Out 7
Status: Not connect Connect	In 1 In 1 In 1 In 2 In 3 In 4 In 5 In 6 In 7 Read values	Out 0 Out 1 Out 2 Out 2 Out 3 Out 4 Out 5 Out 6 Out 7

www.HW-group.com

EX104: XML file downloader XML A

An example to demonstrate UDP search for devices, reading their basic network parameters, and downloading and parsing the XML file with sensor and binary input states. Values can be downloaded from one device only at a time. Written in Borland C++ Builder using the HWg SDK.

Functions used: hwudps init, hwudps uninit, hwudps reinit, hwudps search, hwudps search finish, hwudps count, hwudps record, hwxml init, hwxml uninit, hwxml open, hwxml close, hwxml get values, hwxml get values cache, hwxml finish

Demonstrated features

- UDP broadcast search for devices
- Displaying discovered devices and selecting five of them .
- Downloading the XML file with readings via the HTTP protocol and parsing it •
- Storing all values from a device into a table •
- Downloading the readings manually or automatically every XX seconds •
- All errors are logged to the log window •

EX105: XML file downloader XML B

An application to demonstrate UDP search for devices, reading basic network parameters, and downloading and parsing the XML file with sensor and binary input states. Readings can be downloaded from up to five devices at a time. Written in Borland C++ Builder using the HWg SDK.

Functions used: hwudps init, hwudps uninit, hwudps reinit, hwudps search, hwudps search finish, hwudps count, hwudps record, hwxml init, hwxml uninit, hwxml_open, hwxml_close, hwxml get values, hwxml get values cache many, hwxml count modules, hwxml finish

EX106: SNMP traps receiver

An application to demonstrate UDP search for devices, reading basic network parameters, and downloading and parsing the XML file with sensor and binary input states. Readings can be downloaded from up to five devices at a time. Written in Borland C++ Builder using the HWg SDK.

Functions used: hwxml init, hwxml uninit, hwxml open, hwxml close, hwxml get values, hwxml get values cache, hwxml finish, hwxml error, hwsnmp init, hwsnmp uninit, hwsnmp trap recv create, hwsnmp trap recv create finish, hwsnmp clr traps callback, hwsnmp traps2callback

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etails via XML -						
etails via XML ⁻ Poseidon: 192	2.168.1.49	: 80	Na	me of Poseidon:	oseidon 1250	
etails via XML - Poseidon: 192 Sensor name Binaru 1	2.168.1.49 Current value	: 80 Units	Min	me of Poseidon: P	oseidon 1250	
etails via XML - Poseidon: 192 Sensor name Binary 1 Binary 2	2.168.1.49	: 80 Units -	Min •	me of Poseidon: P Max	oseidon 1250	
etails via XML - Poseidon: 192 Sensor name <mark>Binary 1</mark> Binary 2 Binary 3	2.168.1.49 Current value 0 0 0	: 80 Units - -	Min • •	me of Poseidon: P Max • •	oseidon 1250	
etails via XML 1 Poseidon: 193 Sensor name Binary 1 Binary 2 Binary 3 Sensor 240	2.168.1.49 Current value 0 0 0 25.6	: 80 Units - - C	Min - - - 10.0	Max Max - - - 60.0	oseidon 1250	

HW group

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192.168.1.49	: 80	Search Unuse					
Download mana	ger s every 10 sa s interval Rea	econds. d values now					
ensor list. Device name	Device addess	Sensor name	Sensor ID	Current valu	Units	Min	Max
Poseidon 1250	192.168.1.49.80	Prvni	1	0		-	
Poseidon 1250	192.168.1.49:80	Druhy	2	0			
Poseidon 1250	192.168.1.49:80	Treti	3	0			
Poseidon 1250	192.168.1.49:80	Sensor 240	11180	26.0	С	10.0	29.0
Poseidon 1250	192.168.1.49:80	Sensor 241	33329	26.7	С	10.0	50.0
Poseidon 1250	192.168.1.49:80	Sensor 242	14769	26.2	С	10.0	60.0
Poseidon 1250	192.168.1.49:80	Sensor 243	39947	26.5	%RH	10.0	60.0

Demonstrated features

- Receiving traps from multiple devices at a time
- Support for Poseidon and Damocles family
- Parsing known traps and writing them to the log
- Downloading detailed information about all sensors from a specified device

EX109: Polling data

The application shows how to search for a device on the local network and add the device to the "device list". Sensor readings are downloaded periodically from all devices in this list. All readings from all devices are shown in a single sensor list. Written in Borland C++ Builder using the HWg SDK.

Functions used: SearchDevice, SearchDone, GetDeviceList, AddToDeviceList, ClearDeviceList, CreatePolling, GetNowPolling, DestroyPolling, LockPolling, UnlockPolling

Pooling data	1							_	
UDP Search It was found (192.168.1.67 192.168.1.49	2 devices: *:80 Damo :80 Posei	cles 2404 don 1250	Der [8] Pc [1] 13 8]	vice list 0.250.21.84 oling device 32.168.1.45 : 32.168.1.49 : 0.250.21.84 :	: 80 Ca	Add to list	General Interval: 5	seconds p pooling	
Gensor list:	lin	lu .		lu s	1	Tau .			1
IP	IU IU	Name	value	Unit	Type	Alarm	Status	i me	
49 57 50 46			i.				Device invalid	01-00-00	t ī
49.57.50.46 192.168.1.49	- 1	- Prvni	- Off	Switch	- Binary input	· Active if on	Device invalid Normal	01:00:00	
49.57.50.46 192.168.1.49 192.168.1.49	1	Prvni Druhy	- Off Off	- Switch Switch	Binary input Binary input	Active if on Active if on	Device invalid Normal Normal	01:00:00	
49.57.50.46 192.168.1.49 192.168.1.49 192.168.1.49	• 1 2 3	Prvni Druhy Treti	- Off Off Off	Switch Switch Switch Switch	Binary input Binary input Binary input Binary input	Active if on Active if on Inactive	Device invalid Normal Normal Normal	01:00:00 00:20:02 00:20:02 00:20:02	
49.57.50.46 192.168.1.49 192.168.1.49 192.168.1.49 192.168.1.49 192.168.1.49	1 2 3 11180	Prvni Druhy Treti Sensor 240	Off Off Off 25.8	Switch Switch Switch 'C	Binary input Binary input Binary input Analog sensor input	Active if on Active if on Inactive Inactive	Device invalid Normal Normal Normal Normal	01:00:00 00:20:02 00:20:02 00:20:02 00:20:02	
49.57.50.46 192.168.1.49 192.168.1.49 192.168.1.49 192.168.1.49 192.168.1.49 192.168.1.49	1 2 3 11180 33329	Prvni Druhy Treti Sensor 240 Sensor 241	- Off Off Off 25.8 26.0	Switch Switch Switch "C "C	Binary input Binary input Binary input Analog sensor input Analog sensor input	Active if on Active if on Inactive Inactive Inactive	Device invalid Normal Normal Normal Normal	01:00:00 00:20:02 00:20:02 00:20:02 00:20:02 00:20:02 00:20:02	
49.57.50.46 192.168.1.49 192.168.1.49 192.168.1.49 192.168.1.49 192.168.1.49 192.168.1.49 192.168.1.49	1 2 3 11180 33329 14769	Prvni Druhy Treti Sensor 240 Sensor 241 Sensor 242	Off Off Off Off Off 25.8 26.0 25.8	Switch Switch Switch *C *C *C	Binary input Binary input Binary input Analog sensor input Analog sensor input Analog sensor input	Active if on Active if on Inactive Inactive Inactive Inactive	Device invalid Normal Normal Normal Normal Normal	01:00:00 00:20:02 00:20:02 00:20:02 00:20:02 00:20:02 00:20:02 00:20:02	
49.57.50.46 192.168.1.49 192.168.1.49 192.168.1.49 192.168.1.49 192.168.1.49 192.168.1.49 192.168.1.49 192.168.1.49	- 1 2 3 11180 33329 14769 39947	Prvni Druhy Treti Sensor 240 Sensor 241 Sensor 242 Sensor 243	0ff 0ff 0ff 25.8 26.0 25.8 29.6	Switch Switch Switch Switch *C *C *C %RH	Binary input Binary input Binary input Binary input Analog sensor input Analog sensor input Analog sensor input	Active if on Active if on Inactive Inactive Inactive Inactive Inactive	Device invalid Normal Normal Normal Normal Normal Normal	01:00:00 00:20:02 00:20:02 00:20:02 00:20:02 00:20:02 00:20:02 00:20:02	
49,57,50,46 192,168,1,49 192,168,1,49 192,168,1,49 192,168,1,49 192,168,1,49 192,168,1,49 192,168,1,49 80,250,21,84	- 1 2 3 11180 33329 14769 39947 1	Prvni Druhy Treti Sensor 240 Sensor 241 Sensor 242 Sensor 243 Window 1	Off Off Off Off Off 25.8 26.0 25.8 29.6 Off	Switch Switch Switch Switch C C C XRH Switch	Binary input Binary input Binary input Analog sensor input Analog sensor input Analog sensor input Binary input	Active if on Active if on Inactive Inactive Inactive Inactive Inactive Inactive	Device invalid Normal Normal Normal Normal Normal Normal Normal	01:00:00 00:20:02 00:20:02 00:20:02 00:20:02 00:20:02 00:20:02 00:20:02 00:20:02	
49.57 50.46 192.168.1.49 192.168.1.49 192.168.1.49 192.168.1.49 192.168.1.49 192.168.1.49 192.168.1.49 192.168.1.49 80.250.21.84 80.250.21.84	- 1 2 3 11180 33329 14769 39947 1 2	Prvni Druhy Treti Sensor 240 Sensor 241 Sensor 242 Sensor 243 Window 1 Window 2	Control Contro	Switch Switch Switch C C C C ZRH Switch Switch	Binary input Binary input Binary input Analog sensor input Analog sensor input Analog sensor input Binary input Binary input	Active if on Active if on Inactive Inactive Inactive Inactive Inactive Inactive Inactive	Device invalid Normal Normal Normal Normal Normal Normal Normal Normal	01:00:00 00:20:02 00:20:02 00:20:02 00:20:02 00:20:02 00:20:02 00:20:02 00:20:02 00:20:02	

Demonstrated features

- Using the PosDamInstWiz.dll high-level library
- Support for Poseidon and Damocles products
- Using the Installation Wizard
- Storing all values from all devices into one large shared table
- Setting the digital outputs
- Setting the safe range thresholds for analog sensors

• EX110: Setting outputs

The application shows how to use the Installation Wizard to add a device to the host application. All sensors and digital inputs/outputs are shown in a single sensor list. It is shown how to change values of digital outputs and sensor safe ranges. Written in Borland C++ Builder using the HWg SDK.

32.168.1.49.80	Device IP address	Sensor ID	Name	Value	Unit	Min	Max	
32.168.1.67:80	192.168.1.67:80 Se	t binary out	put	×	Switch	Off	Off	
	192.168.1.67:80				Switch	Off	Off	
	192.168.1.67:80	IP address:	192 168 1 67		Switch	Off	Off	
	192.168.1.67:80	Port	80		Switch	Off	Off	
	192.168.1.67:80	Output ID:	201		Switch	Off	Off	
	192.168.1.67:80	Value	G 102		Switch	Off	Off	
	192.168.1.67:80	r anno.	0.01		Switch	÷		
	192.168.1.67:80		O Ult		Switch			
	192.168.1.67:80				Switch	-		
	192.168.1.67:80				Switch			
험 🖄 Ádd device	192.168.1.67:80	X Cancel	<u>} 0</u>		°C	0.0	0.0	

Functions used: InstWiz_Show, InstWiz_GetDevice, InstWiz_FirstDevice, InstWiz_AddDevice, InstWiz_RemoveDevice, InstWiz_Clear, AddToDeviceList, ClearDeviceList, CreatePolling, DestroyPolling, GetNowPolling, LockPolling, UnlockPolling, SetBinaryOutput, SetSensorRange

Demonstrated features

- Using the PosDamInstWiz.dll high-level library
- Support for Poseidon and Damocles products
- Using the Installation Wizard

SDK.

EX113: Device Config

- Support for Poseidon and Damocles products

Demonstrated features

- Setting the digital outputs •
- HTTP authentication support
- Non-blocking graphical user interface (GUI)

Functions used: hwxml init, hwxml uninit, hwxml open,

EX112: Setting Outputs, Non-blocking

The application shows how to change the values of digital outputs. It shows how to create a non-blocking application that does not "freeze" the graphical user interface. HTTP authentication is supported for access to the device. Written in Borland C++ Builder using the HWg SDK.

hwxml send setup xml, hwxml finish, hwxml get setup cache

hwxml close, hwxml authenticate set, hwxml clr callback, hwxml callback,

No HTTP authentication support •

Support for Poseidon and Damocles products • Setting the digital outputs •

Using the PosDamSDK.dll high-level library

Storing all values from all devices into one large shared table .

Setting the digital outputs •

EX111: Simple Setting of Outputs

Functions used: SetBinaryOutput

Demonstrated features

Poseidon2 - Family manual

SDK.

•

Setting the safe range thresholds for analog sensors

A very simple application shows how to change the values of

digital outputs. Written in Borland C++ Builder using the HWg



Unblocked Set Outputs	<u>_ </u>	
IP address: 192.168.1.67	Port:	
Name:		
Password:		
Open output 1		Close output 1
Open output 2		Close output 2
• EX115: Poseidon & Damocles I/O

The PosDamIO utility is designed for batch scripts and applications that need to easily control or log remote sensors, digital inputs and outputs. It is written in C and compiled in Borland C++ Builder using the HWg SDK.

Demonstrated features

- Displaying a list with sensor states, digital inputs and outputs on the screen, or recording it to a file
- Setting an output using the command line
- Reading the state of an input and setting ErrorLevel according to the returned value
- Downloading and uploading the values.xml file
- Downloading/uploading the setup.xml configuration file of the device easy device cloning

a C;\WINDOWS\system32\cmd.exe					
Usage: posdamio.exe [OPTIONS] IP_ADDRESS [PORT (default: 80)]				
Options: -g.,get -o.,output X=Y -f.,filename SETUP.XML -u.,values UALUES.XML -s.,setup SETUP.XML -t.,text DATA.TXT -uusen USER	Get actual values and print list Set output X (164) to value Y (0, 1. OFF, ON File with configuration for uploading to the remote device (max. 20000 bytes) File to store actual values in XML format File to store actual values in text format Filt burgendt al evalues in text format Diff outburgendt al evalues in text format	D			
-p,password PASSWORD -h,help version error-level	HTTP authorization password Print this help and exit Display wersion information and exit Print error levels and exit				
Examples: posdamio -g 192.168.0.41 posdamio -s c:\data\setup.xml -v c:\data\values.xml 192.168.0.41 posdamio -o 1-0N 192.168.0.41 posdamio -o 1-1 192.168.0.41 8080 posdamio -f setup.xml 192.168.0.41					
G:\hwg\projects\sdk\src\exam	ples\bcb\ex115_posdamio> _	-			

Documentation for programmers

- Generated automatically using the Doxygen system
- Opens after SDK installation or by clicking <u>HW group SDK</u> > <u>HWg SDK main page</u>



Conclusion:

Register and download the current SDK version on the page: <u>http://www.hw-group.com/</u>

Poseidon formats and interfaces

SMS – Interface description

SMS format

DEVICE_NAME #ALARM SENSOR1_NAME:VALUE/EXCEEDED_THRESHOLD SENSOR1_NAME:VALUE/EXCEEDED_THRESHOLD #STATUS: INP: 0 0 0 SENS:VALUES OF ALL SENSORS CONNECTED TO UNIT

Description:

- Values are separated with spaces
- DEVICE_NAME is truncated to a maximum of 8 characters
- SENSOR1 _NAME is truncated to a maximum of 6 characters
- Values are only positive or negative integers no decimal separators
- The list always shows all sensors, including those in alarm
- Temperature is displayed in the following format: 48C
- Humidity is displayed in the following format: 10%.

SMS example:

- Device name: Poseid11
- Sensors in Alarm:
 - Rack11 = 48.5° C, threshold is 40° C
 - T-Room = 48.3°C, threshold is 35°C
 - H-Room = 10% RH, threshold is 45% RH

Poseid11 ALARM: Rack11(48), T-Room(48), H-Room(10)

E-mail – Interface description

```
<-----61------61----->
<---10---> <---8--> <----16----> <----15---->
<-5-> <-----15----> <---11 ---> <----16-----> <--8--->
DATE
       Device NAME Device IP
    TIME
|-1
|-1
_____
 SENSOR Name VALUE UNIT Safe RANGE ALARM
ΙD
|-1|
ALARM state:
_____
|-2
Sensors list:
|-2|
  _____
Device_NAME: http://Device IP
              00:0A:59:xx:xx:xx
```

Description

- When a sensor is not available (disconnected, not found), "-999.99" is shown
- · All texts that exceed the reserved length are truncated
- Device name is 16 characters long, sensor names are 15 chars long
- · Readings are listed with two decimal places, safe range thresholds with one
- All numbers in e-mails and logs use a period as the decimal separator.
- Besides Alarm, the reason for sending the e-mail can also be "Periodical report"

E-mail subject:

The following strings are appended to the specified e-mail subject:

- "Test" for the test e-mail
- "Periodical report" for the periodically e-mailed report
- "T-Room Alarm ACTIVATED" when the alarm for the sensor named T-Room is activated
- **"T-Room Alarm DEACTIVATED**" when the alarm for the sensor named T-Room is deactivated

Alarm activation:

DATE		TIME	Devic	e_NAME		Dev	vice_IP	
10.10	.2005	15:04:27	Serve	r_room	11	192	2.168.1	.20
Email	initia	ted: 48	245 T-R	00m		A	larm AC	TIVATED
ID	SENSOR 1	Name	VALUE	UNIT	Safe	e RA	ANGE	ALARM
ALARM	state:							
48245	T-Room		25.30	°C	-45.0	••	22.0	Enabled
1	C-water		OFF					if OFF
Senso	rs list:							
48245	T-Room		25.30	°C	-45.0		22.0	Enabled
1559	H-Room		53.00	%RH	30.0	••	80.0	Enabled
48	T-Srv01		-27.30	°C	-49.0		-25.1	Disabled
257	ABCDEFG	HIJKLMNO	-109.30	°C	-150.0	••	-105.0	Enabled
1	C-water		OFF					if OFF
2	C-AirFl		OFF					if ON
3	C-Door1		OFF					Disabled
Serve	r_room1:	http:	//192.16	8.1.20		00):0A:59	:00:00:00

Alarm deactivation:

DATE 10 10	2005	TIME 15•04•27	Device	e_NAME	1	Device_IP	20
10.10	.2005	10.01.27	Derver			192.100.1	. 20
Email	initia	ated: 482	45 T-Ro	oom		Alarm DE	ACTIVATED
ID 	SENSOR_	_Name	VALUE 		Saie	e_RANGE	ALARM
ALARM	state:						
1	C-water		OFF				if OFF
Senso	rs list:	:					
48245	T-Room		21.30	°C	-45.0	22.0	Enabled
1559	H-Room		53.00	%RH	30.0	80.0	Enabled
48	T-SrvUJ		-27.30	°C	-49.0	-105 0	Disabled
237	C-water	~	0FF	C	-130.0	105.0	if OFF
2	C-AirFl	-	OFF				if ON
3	C-Door1	L	OFF				Disabled
Serve	r_room1:	http:/	/192.168	3.1.20		00:0A:59	:00:00:00

Periodical e-mail:

DATE		TIME	Device	e_NAME		Device_IP	
10.10	.2005	15:04:27	Server	room1		192.168.1	.20
Email	initia	ated: Per	riodical	report			
ID	SENSOR	Name	VALUE	UNIT	Safe	RANGE	ALARM
ALARM	state:						
1	C-wate:	r	OFF				if OFF
Sensor 48245 1559 48 257 1 2 3	rs list T-Room H-Room T-Srv03 ABCDEF0 C-wate C-AirF3 C-Door3	: 1 GHIJKLMNO r 1 1	21.30 53.00 -27.30 -109.30 OFF OFF OFF	°C %RH °C °C -	-45.0 30.0 -49.0 150.0	22.0 80.0 25.1 105.0	Enabled Enabled Disabled Enabled if OFF if ON Disabled
Serve:	r_room1	: http:/	//192.168	3.1.20		00:0A:59	:00:00:00

XML – Interface description

Poseidon supports the following XML files:

values.xml



Small file for periodical polling of sensor readings. Subset of setup.xml – only basic identification and sensor readings are included.

• setup.xml

Complete device configuration

Reading values using XML

Sensor readings are available as a HTML page intended for human users and as a XML page (**values.xml**). Any application can easily read the values from XML tags.

XML record example for a temperature sensor:

<entry></entry>	
<name>Sensor 16</name>	- Sensor name
<interface>RS485</interface>	- Sensor interface
<id>75</id>	- Unique identification within the device
<value>27.8</value>	- Current temperature, string with a
	decimal point, without measure
<min>10.0</min>	- Lower alarm limit, string with a decimal
	point, without measure
<max>50.0</max>	- Upper alarm limit, string with a decimal
	point, without measure
<hyst>0.0</hyst>	- Hysteresis range, string with a decimal
	point, without measure
<snmptrap>1</snmptrap>	- SNMP Trap, $0 = off$, $1 = on$
<emailsms>0</emailsms>	- E-mail, SMS, 0 = off, 1 = on
<alarmstate>Active</alarmstate>	- Alarm, Active or Inactive
<color>0</color>	- Line color, shows state of a sensor in
	this line.
<unittype>C</unittype>	

Note: You can back up your device configuration by downloading the setup.xml file.

Writing values to the device using XML

The setup.xml and values.xml files can be uploaded to the Poseidon unit, if allowed by the protective measures (HTTP password, IP address filter, DIP switch setting).

For downloading or uploading XML files from/to the Poseidon unit, we recommend the utility attached to Application Note 29: **AN29: PosDamIO controls outputs through the command line**

Setup.xml format – version 2.37

Release notes for the actual version can be always found at http://new.hwg.cz/cs/node/4561

Information Section

<Agent>

<Version>1.1.12</Version> <XmlVer>2.37</XmlVer>

<DeviceName>Poseidon in kitchen</DeviceName> only (64 chars)

<Features>

<DHCP/> <SNTP/> <SNMP/> <SMTP/> <GSM/> <GSM/> <DataLogger/> <Report/> <Telnet/> <SOAP/> <WSDL/> <ValuesReport/> <AlarmReminder/> <Portal/> </Features>

<Model>34</Model> <VendorID>10</VendorID>

</Agent> <CommMonitor>

<MAC>00:0A:59:03:0C:91</MAC>

<Title>Poseidon model 1250</Title>

<Contact>Information: www.HW-group.com</Contact>

<Uptime>564620</Uptime>

<Modbus>0</Modbus>

<Timeout>0</Timeout>

<SNMP>0</SNMP>

</CommMonitor>

<XML_HTTP>0</XML_HTTP>

Features> <RS485/> <Wire1/> <BinaryIn/> <BinaryOut/> <CommMonitor/>

- Read only device parameters group
- Device firmware version (Read only)
- XML file version (Read only)
- Device name User configurable, Identical with <SysName> value, here read
- (Here read only, change in <Network> part of XML)
- Basic features of the device

- Technical device type available also over UDP Setup (5 chars)
- Vendor ID number 0 .. 65565 16. bit number in ASCII
- Unique device MAC address
- Total running time since last restart
- Customizable device title Top of the HTML page (Read only), Marketing device name (more in customization) (max 32 chars)
- User definable contact message, HTML code support (max 254 chars) (Read only here, can be updated over TCP setup only, more in customization)
- Communication Monitor
- Modbus monitoring (0/1)
- XML monitoring (0/1)
- SNMP monitoring (0/1)
- Period of Communication Monitor (in seconds)

Input, Output and Sensor Section

<BinaryInSet> - Binary dry contact inputs (next only "Binary input") <Entry> - Entry identification, ID (1..64), source for <CondInputID> for output control, ID in <ID>1</ID> unique per device, 1..64 are reserved for binary inputs <Name>Binary 1</Name> - Defined name of the input (text string, 20 chars) <Value>0</Value> - Current value 0/1 (Read only) <Alarm>0</Alarm> - alarm settings for this Binary input - 1 byte 0 = active if on, 1 = active if off, 2 = inactive <Delay>0</Delay> - 0..255 Time delay in seconds to prolong Alarm state reaction. (used for Alarm Start even for Alarm End reaction) Similar to Hysteresis but in seconds. - Current sensor state 0 = normal, 1 = Alarm activated but not send (Alarm sending <State>0</State> Email or Trap not activated), 2 = alarm activated <SNMPTrap>0</SNMPTrap> - SNMP Trap alarm enable 0 = don't send, 1 = send if value out of SafeRange <Email>0</Email> - E-mail alarm enable 0 = don't send, 1 = send if value out of SafeRange <SMS>0</SMS> - SMS alarm enable 0 = don't send, 1 = send if value out of SafeRange <ApDelta>0</ ApDelta> - AutoPush is a function allowing sending of measured data in case of value increase/decrease larger than AutoPush delta parameter. </Entry> <Entry> <ID>2</ID> - Binary input 2 <Name>Binary 2</Name> <Number>I2</Number> <Value>0</Value> <Alarm>2</Alarm> <Delay>0</Delay> <State>0</State> <SNMPTrap>0</SNMPTrap> <Email>0</Email> <SMS>0</SMS> <ApDelta>0</ ApDelta> </Entry> <Entrv> <ID>3</ID> - Binary input 3 <Name>Binary 3</Name> <Number>I3</Number> <Value>0</Value> <Alarm>2</Alarm> <Delay>0</Delay> <State>0</State> <SNMPTrap>0</SNMPTrap> <Email>0</Email> <SMS>0</SMS> <ApDelta>0</ ApDelta> </Entry> </BinaryInSet> <BinaryOutSet> - Binary outputs settings & values <Entry> <ID>151</ID> - Entry identification, ID (151..214), source for <CondInputID>, ID in unique per device. 151..200 are reserved for outputs - Output name (Read only) <Name>RTS</Name> - Type of the binary outputs 0: X/Y = "On" / "Off" (Relay output), 1: X/Y = "On (+10V)" / "Off (-10V)" (RTS output) 2: X/Y = "On (+10V)" / "Off (0V)" (DTR output) <Type>1</Type> <Mode>0</Mode> Output control mode (Manual / Local + condition) 0 = Manual output control (value defined by Value tag) 1 = Local output control (On if any alarm) 2 = Local output control (On if value equal to Trigger) 3 = Local output control (On if value higher than Trigger) 4 = Local output control (On if value lower than Trigger) 5 = Local output control (On if Alarm on) <Value>0</Value> - 0/1 Current output value 0 = Y ("Off" / "Off (-10V)" / "Off (0V)") 1 = X ("On" / "On (+10V)" / "On (+10V)")R/W for the "Manual output control" R for the "Local output control" (On if any alarm) <CondInputID>74</CondInputID> - Condition related input ID - Poseidon 3268 future <Trigger>-18.5</Trigger > - Trigger value for condition - Poseidon 3268 future </Entry>

<entry></entry>	
<id>152</id>	- Entry identification
<name>DTR</name>	
<1 ype>2 1 ype	
<value>u</value>	
<condlaguitid>75-/CondlaguitID></condlaguitid>	
<trigger>22.5</trigger>	
<senset></senset>	- All detected sensors
<entry></entry>	
<id>57856</id>	- Entry identification ID address of the sensor (Read only) source for
	<condinputid>, ID in unique per device,</condinputid>
	48122 and 25665535 are reserved for sensors
<sensid>57856</sensid>	- Full 1-Wire ID address of the sensor (Read only) 1-Wire ID is unique 1-Wire
	sensors only
Names Sensor 240 /Names	Defined name of the concor (text string 15 share)
<name>Sensor 240</name>	Lipit of coord value "C" for tomporature
<011113>0 011113	"% PH" for humidity. "\/" for voltage "mA" for current
	"s" for Switch $(0/1)$ "n" for counter nulses $(1/10 \text{ digit can be used})$
	etc
<value>23.0</value>	- Current value, one decimal value, decimal separator is "." (Read only)
<calib>-0.15</calib>	- Sensors calibration shift value (Value = Raw sensor value + Calib)
	Not implemented yet - ready to use in the future
<min>-1.5</min>	- SafeRange minimal limit
<max>24.6</max>	- SafeRange maximal limit
<hyst>0.0</hyst>	- Hysteresis (non sensitivity range) value
<snmptrap>1</snmptrap>	- SNMP trap alarm enable $0 = don't send. 1 = send if value out of SafeRange$
<email>0</email>	- E-mail alarm enable 0 = don't send 1 = send if value out of SafeRange
< <u>SMS</u> 20/SMS	- SMS alarm enable $0 - don't send 1 - send if value out of SafeRange$
<delavor delavo<="" td=""><td>-0.255 Time delay in seconds to prolong Alarm state reaction (used for Alarm Start even</td></delavor>	-0.255 Time delay in seconds to prolong Alarm state reaction (used for Alarm Start even
for Alarm End reaction)	
	Similar to Hysteresis but in time
<apdelta>0</apdelta>	 AutoPush is a function allowing sending of measured data in case of value
increase/decrease larger than AutoPush delta parameter.	
<state>0</state>	- Current sensor state
	0 = normal, 1 = Alarm activated (value out of SafeRange) but not send (Alarm
sending by Email or Trap not activated),	2 - value out of SafeRange - Alarm sent 4 - sensor invalid (not connected)
	2 – Value out of outer lange mann sent, 4 – sensor invalid (not connected)
- ·	
<id>14</id>	
<u00e>/4</u00e>	
<t< td=""><td></td></t<>	
Caliba 19-/Caliba	

- <Min>10.0</Min>
- <Max>60.0</Max>
- <Hyst>0.0</Hyst>
- <SNMPTrap>0</SNMPTrap>
- <EmailSMS>0</EmailSMS>
- <ApDelta>0</ ApDelta>
- <State>0</State>
- </Entry>
- </SenSet>

RS-232/GSM Settings
<serialport></serialport>
<e>1</e>
<sms></sms>
<function>0</function>
<ring>0</ring>
<dest>1</dest>
<module>Not enabled</module>
<centernmr></centernmr>
<recp1></recp1>
<recp2></recp2>
<recp3></recp3>
<recp4></recp4>
<recp5></recp5>
<state>0</state>

<Message/> </SMS>

Destination Section

<SnmpTraps>

- <Entry> <Idx>1</Idx>
- <Community>public</Community> <IPaddr>192.168.1.39</IPaddr>
- <Port>162</Port>
- <E>1</E>
- </Entry>
- <Entry>
- <ldx>2</ldx>
- <Community></Community>
- <IPaddr></IPaddr>
- <Port></Port>
- <E>0</E>
- </Entry>
- <Entry>
- <ldx>3</ldx> <Community></Community>
- <IPaddr></IPaddr>
- <Port></Port>
- <E>0</E>
- </Entry>
- <Entry>
- <ldx>4</ldx>
- <Community></Community>
- <IPaddr></IPaddr> <Port></Port>
- <E>0</E>
- </Entry>
- <Entry>
- <ldx>5</ldx>
- <Community></Community>
- <IPaddr></IPaddr>
- <Port></Port>
- <E>0</E>
- </Entry>
- </SnmpTraps>

Configuration and Services Section

<global></global>	- Global settings
<units>Celsius</units>	- Temperature units displayed in a Flash setup interface "Celsius", "Fahrenheit", "Kelvin"
<hwsec>Disabled</hwsec>	- HW DIP security value - "Enabled" / "Disabled"

<Network>

- Network settings
- Device name (64 chars) Identical with item <Agent><DeviceName>, here R/W
- 0/1 Enable DHCP, when enabled show assigned IP values.
- IP address of the device (Read only when DHCP enabled)

<DHCP>0</DHCP>

<Name>Poseidon in kitchen</Name>

<IPAddr>192.168.1.80</IPAddr>

- Enable Serial Port 0= Disabled, 1=GSM modem, 2=RFID reader
- Function 0-Local Modem, 1=Remote GSM GW
- Enable Ring alert (0/1)
- Remote SOAP GW destination number
- FOUND / NOT FOUND of GSM serial terminal
- SMS center Number
- SMS1 destination Number
- SMS2 destination Number
- SMS2 destination Number
- SMS2 destination Number
- SMS2 destination Number
- Test processing report
- SMS Test report message from last SMS test
- SNMP Traps settings
- Entry identification
- SNMP Community settings (32 chars)
- SNMP trap destination IP address
- SNMP trap destination port
- Enable / Disable destination (0/1)

Poseidon2 – Family manual

<submask>255.255.255.0</submask> <gateway>192.168.1.100</gateway> <dnsprimary=147_230_16_1< dnsprimary="</td"><td> Value of the IP subnet mask (Read only when DHCP enabled) IP address of the Gateway (Read only when DHCP enabled) Primary DNS server (you have to set DNS server as IP address) (Read only when DHCP enabled) </td></dnsprimary=147_230_16_1<>	 Value of the IP subnet mask (Read only when DHCP enabled) IP address of the Gateway (Read only when DHCP enabled) Primary DNS server (you have to set DNS server as IP address) (Read only when DHCP enabled)
<pre><dnsprimary>147.250.16.1</dnsprimary></pre> //DNSPrimary> <dnssecondary>213.180.44.4/DNSSecondary></dnssecondary>	- Secondary DNS server (Read only when DHCP enabled)
<httpport>80</httpport>	- Internal device WEB server port
<telnetport>99</telnetport>	- Telnet setup (TCP setup) port. "0" = TCP setup disabled
<snmpport>161</snmpport> 	- SNIVIP pooling port settings
<soap></soap>	- SOAP settings
<ldx>1</ldx>	- Destination ID
<e>1</e>	- Destination Enable 0/1
<server>192.168.1.36</server>	- Destination IP
<port>80</port>	- Destination TCP Port
<route>service.xml</route>	- Name of XML file
<report></report>	- Alarm Reminder & Periodic status
<entry></entry>	ID1 Decidical Status
<10x>1 10x	- ID1 - Periodical Status
<period>60</period>	- Period (in minutes)
<entry></entry>	
<ldx>2</ldx>	- ID2 Alarm Reminder
<e>0</e>	- Enable Function 0/1
<period>5</period>	- Period (in minutes)
<portal></portal>	
<pushperiod>30</pushperiod>	- period of sending the data to a remote server. This value is being set by a portal.
<e>1</e>	- enables or disables the portal function
<name>vitoImr</name>	 username assigns the device to a user account. Provided by a portal administrator Provided by a portal administrator together with a username
<serveraddress>www.sensdesk.com/portal.pnp<!--</td--><td>ServerAddress> - full URL of the remote server</td></serveraddress>	ServerAddress> - full URL of the remote server
<portalport>80</portalport>	- Portal listening port
<portalmessage><a href="http://www.sensdesk.co</td><td>pm:80/sensdesk/device/779" target="_blank">SensDesk.com: Check sensor online.</portalmessage> - Portal communication status	
<portal_pushtimer>7</portal_pushtimer>	- Counts out the time to the next standard data sending
<portal_logtimer>7</portal_logtimer>	- Shows the time left to next data saving to a internal memory
	being set by a portal.
<mibiisysgroup></mibiisysgroup>	- MIB II settings
<syscontact>support@HWgroup.cz</syscontact>	- MIB's administrator e-mail (64 chars)
<sysname>Poseidon in kitchen </sysname>	- MIB's database name (64 chars) Identical with item <agent><devicename>, here R/W</devicename></agent>
<syslocation></syslocation>	- MIB's system database placement (64 chars)
<email></email>	- E-mail settings
<server></server>	- DNS address or IP address of remote SMTP server (40 chars)
<port>25</port>	- Port for communication with remote SMTP server
<from>user@domain.com</from>	- Email address of sender (40 chars)
<subject>Subject_0</subject>	- Subject of Email message (50 chars)
<auth>0</auth>	- SMTP server Authentication (0 = not required, 1 = required, 3= TLS)
<secure>0</secure>	- SMTP Secure communication (0 = not required, 1 = TLS)
<name>User login name</name>	- SMTP authentication Login name (40 chars)
<pswd></pswd>	- SMTP authentication Password (20 chars)
<message></message>	- SMTP server report message from last TEST EMAIL (100 chars)
<maildest></maildest>	- Email destination definition

Poseidon2 – Family manual

<entry> <ldx>1</ldx> <to>recip@domain.com</to> <cc>recip@domain.com</cc> <cc1>recip@domain.com</cc1> <cc2>recip@domain.com</cc2> <cc3>recip@domain.com</cc3> </entry> <entry> <ldx>2</ldx></entry>	 Alert email Recipient of Email (40 chars) LOG periodic report email
<to>recip@domain.com</to> 	- Recipient of Email (40 chars)
<time> <sntpserver>ntp1.sth.netnod.se</sntpserver> <timeshift>1</timeshift> <date>31.12.1970</date> <time>03:09:33</time></time>	 Time settings DNS address or IP address of SNTP server (time server) (40 chars) time shift (in hours) date time
<datalogger> <storeperiod>360</storeperiod> <logcapacity>100.2.23</logcapacity></datalogger>	 Log period in sec. Minimal is 1 cycle through sensor and is depend on sensor count. 0 = Logger disabled, max. value is 65535 estimated log capacity (How long device can storage data.) format hours.mins.secs it is only proximate value
<report> <e>0</e> <period>5</period> <erase>0</erase> <logname>spilog</logname> </report> <logcapacity>0.0.0</logcapacity> 	 Periodic email with current value and logged data Enable periodic reporting Reporting period in min. Minimal is 5 minutes 0/1, 1=Erase reported (delivered to SMTP server) values from Logfile Name of logfile
Security Section	
<httpipfilter> <ipaddr>0.0.0.0</ipaddr> <mask>0.0.0.0</mask> </httpipfilter>	- HTTP access filter values - IF ((IPAddr AND Mask) XOR (TestAdress AND Mask)) = 0 than access enabled
<snmpipfilter> <ipaddr>0.0.0</ipaddr> <mask>0.0.0.0</mask> </snmpipfilter>	 SNMP access filter IF ((IPAddr AND Mask) XOR (TestAdress AND Mask)) = 0 than access enabled
<snmpaccess> <entry> <ldx>1</ldx> <community>public</community> <r>1</r> <w>0</w> <e>1</e> </entry> <entry> <ldx>2</ldx> <community>private</community> <r>1</r> <w>1</w> <e>1</e> </entry> <lowners< td=""><td>- SNMP access settings - Entry identification - Community name (32 chars) - Read access (0/1) - Write access (0/1) - Enable / Disable community (0/1) - Enable / Disable community (0/1)</td></lowners<></snmpaccess>	- SNMP access settings - Entry identification - Community name (32 chars) - Read access (0/1) - Write access (0/1) - Enable / Disable community (0/1) - Enable / Disable community (0/1)
<entry> <idx>1</idx></entry>	- Read only access to setup.xml and Flash setup interface

Poseidon2 - Family manual

- <Name></Name>
- <Pswd></Pswd>
- </Entry> <Entry>
- <ldx>2</ldx>
- <Name></Name>
- <Pswd></Pswd>
- </Entry>
- <Entry>
- <ldx>3</ldx> <Name></Name>
- <Pswd></Pswd>
- </Entry>
- </User>
- </Root>

- Name (32 chars)
- Password (filled by "*")(32 chars)
- Read &Write Outputs, Read only device configuration
- Name
- Password (you can see current Password in Flash Setup)
- Read&Write access to setup.xml and Flash setup interface
- Name
- Password (you can see current Password in Flash Setup)

Logger format

Logged data from the logger:

x.x.x.x/ spilog.bin	binary format of the logged data
x.x.x.x/ spilog.txt	Text format (CSV) of the logged data
x.x.x.x/spilog.del	call this file to delete logged data and start logging again

Logger is circuit buffer = oldest data are rewrite by newer data.

spilog.txt

•

yyyy/mm/dd;hh:mm:ss;log_type;log_group;value_count;value_id[0];value[0];value_id[1];value[1]; ... value_id[value_count - 1];value[value_count - 1];

- log_type 0 normal (periodical), 1 alarm
- log_group Type of sensors
 - \circ 0 Wire1 sensors,
 - o 1 RS232 sensors,
 - o 2 RS485 sensors,
 - \circ 3 inputs,
 - 4 outputs
- value_count # of values in this record
 - value_id[i] Unique ID in the Poseidon device
 - 1..64 Digital inputs,
 - o 128. Digital outputs,
 - o 65 ('A') .. 122 ('z') RS485 sensors,
 - o 0..1 RS232 sensors,
 - o 256 .. 65535 Wire1 sensors
- value[i] the most important number in this babel of digits

spilog.txt SCV file format example

```
2007/04/02;14:26:51;0;0;7;54896;243;28078;242;27385;243;25539;245;55499;243;14127;243;4127;246;
2007/04/02;14:26:51;0;2;2;74;245;106;359;
2007/04/02;14:26:51;0;3;3;1;0;2;0;3;0;
2007/04/02;14:26:51;0;4;2;128;0;129;0;
```

File spilog.bin

```
occupied_bytes;
                           // record length (total include length)
u char
                           // log_type - type of record
u char
        type;
                           // time of sampling (u_long)
time t
        time;
                          // log group - sensor type
u char type;
u_char count;
                           // value count
                           // value id[i]
u short id;
                 val; // value[i]
int
```

Aspilog.bin format

```
- Log current values when Alarm started and finisher
   - log digital inputs and outputs
/*
 * RECORD STRUCTURE
 * spi record header|data_record_header|data_1|data_2|...|data_n
 *
 */
typedef struct {
       u_char occupied_bytes; // record length (data + TSpiRecordHeader)
                      u_char type;
                                        // Record type: LOG_FILE_DATA_TYPE: LOG - 0, ALARM - 1
      time_t time;
                                        // sampling time (u_long)
} TSpiRecordHeader;
typedef struct {
      u_char type;
                                    // Sensor type 0 - Wirel sensors, 1 - RS232 sensors, 2 - RS485
sensors, 3 - inputs, 4 - outputs
      u char count;
} TDataRecordHeader;
typedef struct {
      u short id;
       int
                       val;
} TIdVal;
typedef enum
{ WIRE_1_TEMP = 0, RS232_TEMP, RS485_TEMP, BINARY_IN, BINARY_OUT }
DataType;
```

Modbus over TCP – Interface description

Modbus is a communication protocol designed for measuring devices that communicate over RS-485 or RS-232 (sometimes named Modbus RTU). The Modbus protocol itself allows to share the **memory area for variables**, e.g. the readings, over one of the physical interfaces. Modbus/TCP is an extension of this protocol for communication over Ethernet.

Its advantages include easy implementation in industrial visualization systems. Current Modbus/TCP description for Poseidon2 can be found on websites http://new.hwg.cz/cs/node/4509

Mapping of variables for the Modbus/TCP protocol

Analog quantities						
Address	I/O	Туре	Functions	Units	Description	
100	Input	Int	4		Current number of installed (configured in Setup) sensors	
101-10x	Input	Int	4	0.1°C (K, F)	Current value of the sensor No. 1 through x, where x is the value at address 100. Units are configured in WEB Setup.	

Binary values							
Address	I/O	Туре	Functions	Units	Description		
100 - 102	In	bit	2	0 / 1	Current values of binary inputs		
200	In	bit	1	0 / 1	Reads the current value of the DTR output		
200	Out	bit	5	0 / 1	Sets the value of the DTR output		
201	In	bit	1	0 / 1	Reads the current value of the RTS output		
201	Out	bit	5	0 / 1	Sets the value of the RTS output		

The Poseidon2 works as a TCP Server at port 502 (Modbus standard). The Modbus/TCP communication takes place using the given addresses. For details, see http://www.modbus.org.

Caution: Modbus/TCP implementation support requires setting the "**Slave ID**" variable to number 2. Check the setting of this variable in case you are enable to establish a connection. (The actual name may differ in your software – it used to be an address to distinguish multiple devices on a RS-485 line in case of Modbus/RTU).

Note: For details about Modbus/TCP, see on HWg websites **AN28: Damocles family & Modbus/TCP**

Testing Modbus/TCP with "Modbus Poll 3.20"

The supplied CD contains the Modbus Poll utility, which can serve as a simple client for reading Modbus/TCP values – for 30 days after it is run for the first time.

In the demo mode, you can see the sensor readings and dry contact states for the first 4 minutes.

Configuration files that define the addresses of sensors and digital inputs for the online Poseidon demo, "<u>Poseidon Sensors.mbp</u>" and "<u>Poseidon Inputs.mbp</u>", are available on the CD or as an archive on the Internet.

Modbus P	oll - Poseido	n_Inputs_1.mbp	-0>
per gonnecu		ginoons gapay gew minoow map □	
😁 Poseidor	n_Sensors.m	bp _DX	
Tx = 85:	Err = 0:	ID = 1: F = 04: SR = 1000ms	
30100 =	9	Poseidon_Inputs_1.mbp	<u>- 0 ×</u>
30101 =	234	Tx = 26: Err = 0: ID = 1: F = 02: SR = 1000ms	
30102 =	233		
30103 =	233	10100 = 0	
30104 =	234	10101 = 1	
30105 =	240	10102 = 0	
30106 =	380		
30107 =	238		
30100 -	239	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
50105	200	E Communication Traffic	
		Exit Stop Save Lopy	
		000040-Ta: 01 04 00 63 00 0A	
		000042-1x:01 02 00 63 00 03 000042-1x:01 02 00 63 00 03	
		DODE4-In 51 04 05 57 05 3A DODE5-Re-51 04 14 Wat all bytes showed if not registered.	
		000046-tx:01 02 00 63 00 03 000047-hx:01 02 01 Wot all hytes showed if set registered.	
		000040-Ix:D1 04 00 63 00 0A 000040-Rx:D1 04 14 Wot all bytes showed if set segistesed.	
		00055-Te di 02 00 47 00 02 00055-Te di 02 01 Vat all bytes shewed if net registered.	
		000053-hz:01 04 14 Wot all bytes showed if not registered.	
		000055-Bx:01 02 01 Kat sl1 bytes showed if not segistered. 000055-Ex:01 04 05 51 00 BA	
		000857-Re.81 04 14 Mat all bytes showed if not registered. 000852-Tx:81 02 08 43 08 03	
		000055-Nx:01 02 01 Wat all bytes showed if not registered. 000060-Tx:01 04 00 63 00 0A	
		000061-1x:61 04 14 Wat s11 bytes showed if set segistesed. 000662-1x:61 02 08 63 00 03	
		UUDBAJ-He BI UJ DI HAC BII byces showed it set wegistewed. DODE4-Te:01 De DE 63 DD DA	
		000064-IX-ID 02 00 43 00 03	
r Help, press	E1. For Edit.	double dick op a value.	M

Open these two files, select a TCP/IP connection and the address of our online demo, and establish the connection.

Connecting over Modbus/TCP to our online demo

A permanently running Poseidon2 unit with a public IP address is installed in the HWg office. The current address, as well as a link to that address, is available at our website in the "Site Map" section.

All values are multiplied by 10 because decimal values are not supported.

Modbus Poll - Post250, oplin	e demo						
File Connection Setup Function	e_oemo s Display View Window Help						
		2					
╷╸╺╺╺╕╷╲╷╘╷╌		<u>.</u>					
Pos1250_online_demo							
Tx = 17: Err = 0: I	D = 2: F = 04: SR = 1000ms						
30100 = 4							
30101 = 287	Connection	×					
30102 = 228	Mode						
30103 = 291 30104 = 425	C RTU O ASCII						
30104 - 423	9600 Baud	Cancel					
	8 Data bits 🔽						
	None Parity						
	1 Stop Bit 🔽 🕅 RTS Toggle 1 ms F	RTS disable delay					
	Perceto Conver						
	IP Address Port						
	80.250.21.84 502	-					
For Help, press F1. For Edit, double click on a value.							

HWg-netGSM - remote SMS gateway protocol for HW group products

Current protocol description can be found on http://new.hwg.cz/cs/node/4648

netGSM protocol for users

netGSM protocol is designated for sharing one GSM modem, connected to one unit, with other devices in the same network. This allows several HW group devices to send alarm SMS messages via one device (one SIM card). This solution decreases the operating costs.

netGSM function consists of one server and several clients:

- 1) Server part is HWg-SMS-GW device or Poseidon 4002/2250 with a GSM modem.
- 2) **Clients** can be software applications, other Poseidon units, HWg-PWR and others.

Functions provide by netGSM

- SMS sending
- Drop-calling remote telephone number
- Receiving SMS (only for HWg-DCD)
- Receiving drop-calls (only for HWg-DCD)

Devices supporting netGSM

netGSM Server (contains a SIM card)

- HWg-SMS-GW
- HWg-SMS-GW2
- Poseidon 2250 + external GSM modem
- Poseidon 4002 + external GSM modem
- Poseidon 4001 + external GSM modem
- Poseidon2 4002 + external GSM modem

netGSM Client (sends SMS messages)

- Poseidon 2250
- Poseidon 4002
- Poseidon2 all models
- HWG-WLD
- HWG-PWR3/12/25
- HWG-DCD
- Nagios Plug in
- Communication examples can be found in HWg-SDK

Settings example for two Poseidon units re-sending SMS messages through the second unit

Two Poseidon units are used for the settings:

- 192.168.2.23 Poseidon 4002 with connected GSM modem
- 192.168.1.67 Poseidon 3266 sending SMS messages via Poseidon 4002

oseidon 4002 settings with GSM modem connected

With default settings it is necessary to first activate the GSM modem in **Serial port Settings** and then set the **GSM Function** to *Local*. Deactivation of **SOAP destination** is optional, just as **SMS+ Ring when Alarm** option

XML settings example

```
- <SerialPort>
 <E>1</E>
   </SerialPort>
- <SMS>
 <Function>1</Function>
 <Ring>0</Ring>
 <Dest>1</Dest>
 <Module>Ready</Module>
 <CenterNmr>+420608005681</CenterNmr>
 <Recp1>777232759</Recp1>
 <Recp2 />
 <State>13</State>
 <Message>OK</Message>
   </SMS>
- <RFID>
 <Dest>1</Dest>
   </RFID>
- <SOAP>
- <Entry>
 <Idx>1</Idx>
 <E>0</E>
 <Server>192.168.1.36</Server>
 <Port>80</Port>
 <Route>service.xml</Route>
   </Entry>
   </SOAP>
```



Poseidon 3266 (Transmitting device) settings

In default settings it is vital to keep the correct remote Poseidon IP address settings and settings of phone numbers for sending SMS messages. SMS+ Ring when Alarm function is optional.

Settings example in XML

```
- <SerialPort>
  <E>0</E>
     </SerialPort>
- <SMS>
  <Function>0</Function>
  <Ring>0</Ring>
  <Dest>1</Dest>
  <Module>Ready</Module>
  <CenterNmr />
  <Recp1>777232759</Recp1>
  <Recp2 />
  <State>13</State>
  <Message>OK</Message>
     </SMS>
- <SOAP>
- <Entry>
  <Idx>1</Idx>
  <E>1</E>
  <Server>192.168.2.23</Server>
  <Port>80</Port>
  <Route>service.xml</Route>
     </Entry>
     </SOAP>
                                   See Poseidon Flash Interface - Windows Internet Explorer
                                                                                                                     🝷 🗟 🍫 🗙 💽 Bing
                                        ) 🗢 🔮 http://192.168.1.66/index2.htm
                                   Θ
                                   🖕 Oblíbené položky 🛛 🖕 🔊 Revision overview Drupal 🖉 Vytvořit Důležité odkazy ... 🔕 Sledování sítě, měření - D... 🚺 Navrhované weby 🕶
                                                                                🟠 🔻 🔝 👻 🖃 🖶 👻 Strán<u>k</u>a 🔻 Za<u>b</u>ezpečení 👻 Nástr<u>o</u>je 👻 🔞 👻
                                   😑 👻 🕐 Poseidon Flash Inte... 🗙 🕥 Poseidon Flash Interfa...
                                       Genera General Setup SNMP Email GSM & RFID Log & Time Sensors Inputs System
                                                                                                                    Index Page
                                                            Serial Port Settings
                                                                         Disabled
                                                                                   -
                                                            SOAP Destination
                                          Poseidon
                                                                       SOAP Serve
                                                              192.168.2.23
                                                                                         service.xml
                                                                                                           80
                                                                                                                      V
                                                            GSM SMS Interface
                                                            GSM Function
                                                                               Remote
                                                                                Remote Server A
                                                            GSM SMS Recipients
                                                             Alarm SMS Recipient 1
                                                             Alarm SMS Recipient 2
                                                                                                            Send Test SMS
                                                                                                                       3,100%
```

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netGSM protocol for programmers

Poseidon SOAP Service Interface (PSSI)

Configure hostname/port on HWg-SMS-GW where the service request will be sent.

Services (common API, SOAP interface)

Service	Functions	Parameters	Result
QueueAdd	put, put into the queue	XML with data, cmd=SMS, Call	rslt=0, id=nnn: ID of the record
QueuePick	get, get from the queue	-	XML with data
QueueStatus	info about the queue	queue type:qRfid, qGsmOut, qGsmIn <i>what about</i> 'list' <i>for</i> IDs ?	max=5, cnt=2, missed=0
RecordStatus	info about the request	id=nnn	for example retry=5
RecordDelete	request cancellation	id=nnn	rslt=0: OK
NotificationEvent	something was received	XML with data	
Command	(action?, for example a request of values)	XML with data	
ServiceStatus	info about the service	-	rslt=disabled

netGSM

SMS sending or drop-call requests. An ID is assigned after the request is queued, with which it is possible to ask for the request state.

Sent commands are **QueueAdd queue=qGsmOut, cmd={SMS|Call}**, phone number and a message text, or cmd=ringNotify, phone number. Reply is rslt=0, id=nnn: request was placed into queue, or rslt=err_no: request was not placed into queue

If SMS or drop-call is received: NotificationEvent, v xml cmdType, phoneNumber[, message text]

Communication examples

Every following communication has to be put between the following tags (instead of Data comment):

```
<soapenv:Envelope
xmlns:soapenv="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/envelope/"
xmlns:pos="poseidonService.xsd">
<soapenv:Header/>
<soapenv:Body>
<!-- Data -->
</soapenv:Body>
</soapenv:Envelope>
```

Put SMS into the queue

Reply:

<pos:QueueAdd>
 <Rslt>0</Rslt>
 <ID>120</ID>
</pos:QueueAdd>

Put drop-call into the queue

Reply:

```
<pos:QueueAdd>
  <Rslt>0</Rslt>
   <ID>121</ID>
```

Get from the queue (non-specified request)

```
<pos:QueuePick>
  <Queue>GsmIn</Queue>
  <ID>121</ID>
  </pos:QueuePick>
```

Reply (for qGsmIn)

Get queue status

<pos:QueueStatus>
<Queue>GsmIn</Queue>
</pos:QueueStatus>

Reply:

```
<pos:QueueStatus>
<Rslt>0</Rslt>
<Max>5</Max>
<Cnt>2</Cnt>
<Missed>0</Missed>
<IdSet>
<ID>120</ID>
<ID>121</ID>
<ID>122</ID>
<ID>123</ID>
<IdSet>
```

Get queue record status

<pos:RecordStatus>
<Queue>GsmOut</Queue>
<ID>120</ID>
</pos:RecordStatus>

Reply:

<pos:RecordStatus>
 <Rslt>0</Rslt>
 <Retry>5</Retry>
</pos:RecordStatus>

Erase queue record

<pos:RecordDelete>
<Queue>Rfid</Queue>
<ID>120</ID>
</pos:RecordDelete>

Reply:

```
<pos:RecordDelete>
  <Rslt>0</Rslt>
  </pos:RecordDelete>
```

Information on putting into queue (qGsmln)

Reply (from a remote server)

```
<pos:NotificationEvent>
  <Rslt>0</Rslt>
</pos:NotificationEvent>
```

SNMP – Interface description

SNMP (Simple Network Management Protocol) is a protocol designed for exchanging basic system information using short packets sent over UDP/IP.

Individual variables are described in a MIB (Management Information Base) table that pertains to a particular device. The MIB is distributed as a separate .mib file. For Poseidon products, the MIB is available on the supplied CD and at our website.



SNMP is an asynchronous protocol based on the client/server model (SNMP Client / SNMP Agent in this case). This means that a monitoring center (SNMP Client) requests the states of individual variables, and the SNMP Agent implemented in the device responds.

SNMP support is implemented in many languages designed for creating dynamic websites (PHP, ASP, Java, Perl, Python, and so on). Thanks to available modules, read and write access to data provided by a device over SNMP is relatively quick to implement.

In the standard communication mode, a "request and response" communication model is used. Variables are defined by a hierarchy (sequence) of numbers that is described in the MIB table, where the meanings, names and formats of individual variables are given. If you know the hierarchy (numeric line – for example ".1.3.6.1.4.1.21796.3.3.1.1.2.3" – Binary 3 input state) for the specific value, MIB table is not needed.

For clarity, the following terms need to be understood:

- **MIB table** The .mib file is a text file that describes individual variables supported by the device. It contains the addresses, names, descriptions and numeric formats of the variables.
- **OID** is a variable identifier in the table. It is the "long" number that defines the position of the variable in the tree of variables.

Some programs for working with SNMP do not support MIB files. In this case, you need to enter the OID strings manually. These strings can be found in the MIB table. However, to save you some time in first experiments with SNMP, a list of several variables with their OIDs follows:

Downloading the MIB file from the main product web page

Man Office - P2 3268									x
← → C [] 192.168.1.106/gen	eral.xml							572 🗊 🛒	Ξ
	Jan Office -	• P2	3268					General	
Docoidon	Dry Contact Inpu	ts			Relay C	outputs	Current		
PUSEIUUII	Name ID	Value	Alarm Ale	rt	Name	ID	Value	Mode	
	Test DI1 1	0(Off)	Disable	1	Relay 1	151	0(Off)	Manual	
→ General	Tamper DI3 3	1(On)	Disable	1 1	Relay 2	152	0(Off)	to Trigger	
General setup	DI4 4 Comm Monitor 1 123	0(Off) 0(Off)	Disable Active if	l on					
SNMP									
Email	Sensors								
GSM	Name Test	ID 26684	Current Va 24.8	alue °C	Safe Range 15.0 45.0	Hysteres 0.0	is	Alarm Alert Disabled	
Log & Time	Outdoor	44985	13.8	°C	-10.0 45.0	0.0		Disabled	
Portal	Download				Termin	al Confi	g (TCP	Setup)	
Sensors	SNMP MIB:		MIB		Connect w	ith teloet	to: <u>192</u>	.168.1.106 Port 99	
Inputs	SNMP Object Ider XML Schema Defi	ntifier: niton:	<u>OID</u> XSD	Ope Ope	n n in New Tab n in New Window				
Outputs				Save	e Target As : Target				
System				Cut Cop	У				
Reload values every 10 [s] Stop									
Values reloaded 3									
	For mo	re informa	ation try http	://ww	w.hw-group.com/	1			
2.168.1.106/poseidon.mib									

The MIB file is located in the device itself. Use the right mouse button in your browser to download and save it.

OID descriptions of SNMP variables

The following table lists the variables, their OID addresses and values. The values apply to the specified Poseidon configuration shown in the HTML page screen shot on the right.

- Firmware: **1.9.6**
- Dry contact states: 1=ON, 2=Off, 3=Off, no alarms
- Connected sensors:
 - 1x HTemp-485 (1x temperature [ID 80], 1x humidity [ID 112])
 - 1x 1Wire bus (temperature [ID 50176, 47872])

Variable	OID	Value	Description	
sysDescr	.1.3.6.1.2.1.1.1 .iso.org.dod.internet.mgmt.mib-2.system.sysDescr	Poseidon SNMP Supervisor v1.9.6	Textual description of the entity	
sysUpTime	.1.3.6.1.2.1.1.3.0 .iso.org.dod.internet.mgmt.mib-2.system.sysUpTime	0:17:12:32.18	Time (in tens of milliseconds) since the last init of the network management portion of the system	
Input 1 state	.1.3.6.1.4.1.21796.3.3.1.1.2.1 *).inpTable.inpEntry.inpState	On (2)	Binary input states	
Input 3 state	.1.3.6.1.4.1.21796.3.3.1.1.2.3 *).inpTable.inpEntry.inpState	Off (1)	(integer)	
Input 2 Name	.1.3.6.1.4.1.21796.3.3.1.1.3.2 *).inpTable.inpEntry.inpName	Binary 2	Binary input name (string)	
Input 3 Alarm	.1.3.6.1.4.1.21796.3.3.1.1.4.3 *).inpTable.inpEntry.inpSetupAlarm		Alarm for the binary input, generated by the device under defined conditions	
RTS Output (Port 2)	TS Output (Port 2) .1.3.6.1.4.1.21796.3.3.2.1.2.2 *).outTable.outEntry.outState		Binary input state (integer)	
Sensor 1 Name	.1.3.6.1.4.1.21796.3.3.3.1.2.1 *).tempTable.tempEntry.sensorName	HTemp temp	Sensor name (string)	
Sensor 1 State	.1.3.6.1.4.1.21796.3.3.3.1.4.1 *).tempTable.tempEntry.sensorState	normal (1)	Binary input states	
Sensor 2 State	.1.3.6.1.4.1.21796.3.3.3.1.4.2 *).tempTable.tempEntry.sensorState	alarm (2)	(integer)	
Sensor 1 Value	.1.3.6.1.4.1.21796.3.3.3.1.6.1 *).tempTable.tempEntry.tempValue	223	Integer (decimal * 10)	
Sensor 2 Value	.1.3.6.1.4.1.21796.3.3.3.1.6.2 *).tempTable.tempEntry.tempValue	223	representation of the temperature	
Sensor 4 Value	.1.3.6.1.4.1.21796.3.3.3.1.6.4 *).tempTable.tempEntry.tempValue	223	(integer)	
Sensor 2 Name .1.3.6.1.4.1.21796.3.3.99.1.2.1.2.2 *).setup.tempSetup.tempSetupTable.tempSetupEntry.tempSensorName		HTemp humid	Sensor name (string)	
Sensor 1 ID	or 1 ID .1.3.6.1.4.1.21796.3.3.99.1.2.1.4.1 *).setup.tempSetup.tempSetupTable.tempSetupEntry.tempSensorAddr		Unique sensor ID (integer)	
*) Text version of the OII ".1.3.6.1.4.1.21796.3.3	D begins with ".iso.org.dod.internet.private.enterprises.hwgroup.charonII.po ".	oseidon" which corres	ponds to the numerical OID	

Shortened OID list

Poseidon family SNMP OID description _____ Poseidon Device Values: _____ .1.3.6.1.2.1.1.1.0 Device description (string) .1.3.6.1.2.1.1.5.0 Device name (string) Dry Contact Inputs _____ .1.3.6.1.4.1.21796.3.3.1.1.2.1 Contact Input 1 state (integer, 1=Off, 2=On) .1.3.6.1.4.1.21796.3.3.1.1.2.3 Contact Input 3 state (integer, 1=Off, 2=On) .1.3.6.1.4.1.21796.3.3.1.1.3.1 Dry Contact Input 1 name (R/W string) .1.3.6.1.4.1.21796.3.3.1.1.4.1 Dry Contact Input 1 Alarm state (integer) Sensor _____ .1.3.6.1.4.1.21796.3.3.3.1.6.1 Sensor 1 current value *10 (integer) .1.3.6.1.4.1.21796.3.3.3.1.6.2 Sensor 2 current value *10 (integer) .1.3.6.1.4.1.21796.3.3.3.1.6.10 Sensor 10 current value *10 (integer) .1.3.6.1.4.1.21796.3.3.3.1.2.1 Sensor 1 name (R/W string) .1.3.6.1.4.1.21796.3.3.3.1.2.2 Sensor 2 name (R/W string) .1.3.6.1.4.1.21796.3.3.3.1.4.1 Sensor 1 state (integer, 0=Invalid, 1=Normal, 2=AlarmState, 3=Alarm) .1.3.6.1.4.1.21796.3.3.3.1.5.1 Sensor 1 current value, units included (string) .1.3.6.1.4.1.21796.3.3.3.1.8.1 Sensor 1 unique ID (integer) Sensor 1 units (integer, $0=^{\circ}C$, $1=^{\circ}F$, $2=^{\circ}K$, 3=%, .1.3.6.1.4.1.21796.3.3.3.1.9.1 4=V, 5=mA, 6=unknown, 7=pulse, 8=switch) Outputs _____ Output 1 state (R/W integer, 1=Off, 2=On) .1.3.6.1.4.1.21796.3.3.2.1.2.1 .1.3.6.1.4.1.21796.3.3.2.1.2.2 Output 2 state (R/W integer, 1=Off, 2=On) .1.3.6.1.4.1.21796.3.3.2.1.3.1 Output 1 name (R/W string)

For more details, analyze the MIB file or see the detailed device manual.

SNMP Trap – Interface description

Whenever a value gets outside of the safe range for a sensor, the sensor enters the ALARM state. To notify about the alarm state, a SNMP trap is send to the specified IP address.

SNMP traps consist of **two UDP packets** sent by the SNMP Agent to the monitoring center (SNMP Client). The packet format is detailed in the MIB table. The first



packet contains information about raising the ALARM, the second packet contains additional info about the sensor causing the alarm. When the alarm state ends (e.g. the temperature returns to the safe range), two more UDP packets are sent to inform about the termination of the alarm state.

This method was developed for faster notification of alarms because – in the normal request / response SNMP mode – the polling period may range from hundreds of milliseconds to minutes or even days.

For dry contacts, alarm can be sent upon opening/closing, or turned off completely.

SNMP traps sent by the Poseidon

The MIB table contains a list as well as detailed descriptions of SNMP traps. An overview follows.

• Cold Start + Link Up Trap

A pair of SNMP traps sent after the device starts up. If a sensor is in alarm upon startup, two more traps immediately follow.

• Alarm raised on a dry contact

A pair of SNMP traps sent when an alarm is activated for a dry contact. The first trap contains alarm activation identification for maintaining the "alarm table". The second trap contains, for instance, the name of the input in alarm.

Alarm terminated on a dry contact

A pair of SNMP traps sent when an alarm ends for a dry contact. This pair is always preceded by the traps related to the alarm activation. The first trap contains alarm activation identification for maintaining the "alarm table". The second trap contains, for instance, the name of the input in alarm.

Alarm activated due to sensor value

A pair of SNMP traps sent when a sensor alarm is activated (temperature, humidity and others). Alarm is activated if the reading gets out of the defined range \pm hysteresis. The first trap contains alarm activation identification for maintaining the "alarm table". The second trap contains the assigned sensor name and the value causing the alarm.

Alarm activated due to sensor value

A pair of SNMP traps sent when a sensor alarm is activated (temperature, humidity and others). Alarm ends when the reading returns back to the safe range \pm hysteresis. The first trap contains alarm activation identification for maintaining the "alarm table". The second trap contains the assigned sensor name and the value causing the alarm.

Recommended SW for SNMP experiments

Getlf

GetIf is a utility for working with SNMP variables. It allows browsing the variables in the SNMP tree, reading the values, setting the values, and displaying details according to the MIB.

Before using the utilities, we recommend to watch the demonstration Flash animation that is available at our website.

- License: Freeware
- Supported OS: Windows 2000, XP, 2003 Server
- Communication protocol: SNMP, contains MIB Manager
- Alarm response: No, SNMP trap reception not supported

₩ Getif [80.250.21.84]				<u>_ </u>			
Parameters Interfaces Addresses Routing Table Arp Gen. Table Reachability Traceroute NSLookup Ip discovery MBrowser Graph							
iso.org.dod.internet.private.enterprises.hwgroup.charonII.poseidon.inpTable.inpEntry							
1.3.6.1.4.1.21796.3.3.1.1							
	Туре	other	Enums	~			
	Access	noaccess	Status				
inpTable inpEntry inpState inpState inpName inpSetupAlarm insetupAlarm insetupAlarm	An entry to a	v containing informatio particular binary input	n applicable	× •			
enterprises.hwgroup.charonII.poseidon.inpTable.inpEntry.inpState.1 : off enterprises.hwgroup.charonII.poseidon.inpTable.inpEntry.inpState.2 : off enterprises.hwgroup.charonII.poseidon.inpTable.inpEntry.inpState.3 : off enterprises.hwgroup.charonII.poseidon.inpTable.inpEntry.inpName.1 : Window 1 enterprises.hwgroup.charonII.poseidon.inpTable.inpEntry.inpName.2 : Window 2 enterprises.hwgroup.charonII.poseidon.inpTable.inpEntry.inpName.3 : Door enterprises.hwgroup.charonII.poseidon.inpTable.inpEntry.inpSetupAlarm.1 : no enterprises.hwgroup.charonII.poseidon.inpTable.inpEntry.inpSetupAlarm.2 : no enterprises.hwgroup.charonII.poseidon.inpTable.inpEntry.inpSetupAlarm.3 : no							
I.s.b. I.4. I.2173b.s.s.1.1 In (nulliop) Image: Set graph Add to graph Add to Gen							
Ready	Sta	rt Exit					

iReasoning MIB Browser + Trap Receiver

Two freeware utilities for working with SNMP variables. They allow browsing the variables in the SNMP tree, reading the values, setting the values, and displaying details according to the MIB that can be loaded to the utility.

Before using the utilities, we recommend to watch the demonstration Flash animation that is available at our website.

🎇 iReason	🔆 iReasoning MIB Browser							
<u>E</u> ile <u>E</u> dit	Operations Tools Help							
Address: 80).250.21.85	Advanced OID: .1.3.6.1.4.1.21796.3.4.99.1.2.1.8	5 🔽 Operations: Walk	~	Go			
SNMP MIBs		Result Table						
MIB Tr	ree 🗾	Name/OID	Value	Г	80			
🕀 🖳 RFC	1213-MIB.iso.org.dod.internet.mgmt.mib	sensName.1	2. floor A		***			
POS	EIDON-MIB.iso.org.dod.internet.private.	sensName.2	2. floor B		B			
🗉 🖻 🗋	setup	sensName.3	2. floor C					
Ē. Ē	inpTable	sensName.4	2. floor D					
.	Part inpEntry	sensName.5	2. floor humid					
	outTable	sensName.1	2. floor A					
₽₽₩	sensTable	sensName.2	2. floor B					
⊡ …	sensEntry	sensName.3	2. floor ⊂					
	SensIndex	sensName.4	2. floor D					
		sensName.5	2. floor humid					
		sensState.1	normal					
	sensString	sensState.2	normal					
		sensState.3	normal					
<u> </u>		sensState.4	normal					
Name	sensEntry	sensState.5	normal					
OID	.1.3.6.1.4.1.21796.3.3.3.1	sensString.1	26.3 C					
Syntax	SensEntry	sensString.2	26.8 C					
Access	not-accessible	sensString.3	26.7 C					
Status	current	sensString.4	27.0 C					
DefVal		sensString.5	45.8 %					
Indexes	sensIndex	sensValue.1	263					
Descr	An entry containing information applicable	sensValue.2	268					
	particular sensor.	sensValue.3	267					
		sensValue.4	270					
		sensValue.5	458					
		sensValueRaw.1	422					
		sensValueRaw.2	430					
		Jaca Mahan ang a	400					
.iso.org.dod	.internet.private.enterprises.hwgroup.charor	hII.damocles.setup.sensSetup.sensSetupTable.sensSetupEn	try.sensHysteresis.5 2:08:48 PM 4M of	7M	1			

Connectors and connections



Power connector







	DB9M: RS-232					
1	-	-	Not used			
2	RxD	< Receive Data				
3	TxD	> Transmit Data				
4	DTR	>	Data Terminal Ready			
5	GND		System Ground			
6	DSR	<	Data Set Ready			
7	RTS	> Request to Send				
8	CTS	< Clear to Send				
9	-	- Not used				

	RJ11: 1-Wire				
	+5V	Power			
1	-	Not used			
2	Data	Transmit Data			
3	GND	Ground			
4	+5V	Power			
	- Not used				

	RJ45: RS-485					
1		Not used				
2	-	Not used				
3		485 B back				
4	В (-)					
5	A (+)	RS-485				
6		485 A back				
7	GND	Ground				
8	+12V	Power				